# The Bombay Gazette.

No. 51,961—New Series. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1900.



P & O

B. SMYTH & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY.

SOLE AGENTS

Rs. 30 A Dozen, 10 Years Old.

Milkmaid BRAND Milk

LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.


## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY, 2 P.M.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | 1900. |
|---|---|---|---|
| M.L. ORIENTAL | 5354 | J. F. Jephson | 16th June. |
| CARTHAGE | 5198 | J. R. Lendon | 23rd " |
| M.L. EGYPT | 7912 | C. F. Preston | 30th " |
| * PARRAMATTA | 4886 | A. Symons | 7th July. |
| M.L. ARABIA | 7903 | J. L. Parfitt | 14th " |
| * CARTHAGE | 5198 | J. R. Lendon | 21st " |
| M.L. CALEDONIA | 7558 | E. H. Gordon | 28th " |
| * CLYDE | 4099 | E. Street | 4th Aug. |
| M.L. SOBRAON | 7240 | L. M. Wibmer | 11th " |
| * CARTHAGE | 5198 | J. R. Lendon | 18th " |
| M.L. VALETTA | 5023 | F. N. Tillard | 25th " |
| * ORIENTAL | 6254 | J. F. Jephson | 1st Sept. |
| M.L. EGYPT | 7912 | C. F. Preston | 8th " |
| * CARTHAGE | 5198 | J. R. Lendon | 15th " |
| M.L. ARABIA | 7903 | J. L. Parfitt | 22nd " |
| * ORIENTAL | 6254 | J. F. Jephson | 29th " |

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London. Passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The Steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to Sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of Sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 A.M., and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals, calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 31st May, 1900.

### AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

| Steamers. | Captains. | Tons. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| INDIA | A. Martinolich | 2,650 | 1st July 1900. |
| IMPERATOR | G. Klansberger | 4,119 | 1st Oct., 1900. |
| IMPERATRIX | G. Nicolich | 4,149 | 1st Nov., 1900. |

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. | Deck. |
|---|---|---|---|
| TRIESTE OR VENICE | Rs. 600. | Rs. 325. | Rs. 158. |

TO TRIESTE, VIA KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID AND FIUME.

| Steamers. | Captains. | Tons. | To sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| *SILESIA | G. Verona | 5,195 | 20th June, 1900. |
| GISELA | F. Mosca | 4,253 | 15th July, 1900. |
| * TRIESTE | A. Mitis | 5,095 | 15th Aug., 1900. |

* She will not call at Karachee.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

| | Saloon. | Deck. |
|---|---|---|
| TO TRIESTE OR VENICE | Rs. 375 | Rs. 150. |

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. |
|---|---|---|
| Available for 6 months | Rs. 960, | Rs. 575. |
| Available for 12 months | " 1,060. | " 625. |

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Steamers leave TRIESTE for BOMBAY direct on the 3rd and those via KURRACHEE on the 23rd of each month.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Tons. | To sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| FRANZ FERDINAND | G. Costanzo | 6,013 | 25th June, 1900. |

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.

Sassoon House, 2, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 12th June 1900

### COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

### FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.

VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To sail on THURSDAY. |
|---|---|---|---|
| INDUS | 6,357 | Duchateau | 5th July, 1900. |
| SYDNEY | 4,232 | Aubert | 2nd Aug., 1900. |
| YARRA | 4,235 | Rogliano | 30th Aug., 1900. |

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "ANNAM," 6,357 tons, Captain Poydenot, to sail on or about the 27th June, 1900, for weekly departures thereafter.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.

New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

### HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY,

GRINDLAY & Co., CALCUTTA, BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSAGES booked without charge, and on favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING Car and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
TEA PLANTERS, RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, booked at reduced rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND, via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and of Sailings by all Lines sent FREE on Application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

London Agents: GRINDLAY & Co.


BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly edition.—Issued on Thursday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12: Half-yearly Rs. 6: Quarterly Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay Rs. 12 to the Mofussil, postage extra.


## SHIPPING.

### THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 15th June, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KARACHI DIRECT.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on the 19th June, at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, at 10 a.m., on the 14th June, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, (weather permitting).

FOR ADEN, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, AND LAMU.

S. S. "CANARA," 1,902 tons, on or about 14th June.

FOR KARACHEE, SEYCHELLES, MOMBASA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "INDIA," 4,074 tons, on or about 16th June.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHANDA," 2,022 tons, on or about 16th June.

FOR MANILA.

A THREE-WEEKLY direct service has been started from Calcutta to Manila, calling at Rangoon, Penang and Singapore. Rates for Passengers and Cargo, and dates of sailing can be obtained from the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 12th June, 1900.

### KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,

CALCUTTA.

HENRY S. KING & Co. LONDON.

### NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA or BRINDISI and VENICE.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. RUBATTINO | 4,580 | M. Saporito | 15th June. |
| " Dco. BALDUINO. | 4,580 | O. Canepa | 15th July. |

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

| | Single Tickets. | Return Tickets. 4 months. | 6 months. | 9 months. | 12 months. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| 1st Class | 550 | 825 | 880 | 935 | 1,000 |
| 2nd " | 325 | 500 | 525 | 550 | 600 |
| 3rd " | 150 | .. | .. | .. | .. |

Passengers have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice, or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port, resuming it by subsequent steamers of Bombay or other Weekly and Daily Local Lines.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on Application.

S. S. BISAGNO, Tons 3,000, from BOMBAY to HONG-KONG, calling at SINGAPORE, on the 16th June, 1900.

F. BALDOVINO, Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.

### WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.,

BANKERS & AGENTS,

BOMBAY—8, Hornby Road.
CALCUTTA—8-1, Council House Street.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
COLOMBO.—Clifford Berry & Co.
LONDON—7, Waterloo Place, S. W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
PORT SAID—8, Quay Francois Joseh.

Branch Office at CAPE TOWN, Africa.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with any amount over Rs. 200, and Interest allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 3, 6, 9 and 12 Months, at interest to be learned on Application.
PAY, PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES collected.
Letters of CREDIT payable anywhere, issued at Current Rates.
DRAFTS, CHEQUES AND BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for Collection.
TELEGRAPHIC AND REGULAR HOME FAMILY REMITTANCES made AT THE BEST Exchange rate of the day.
ADDRESSES of HOME friends for Telegraphic purposes registered FREE.
VOLUMINOUS Private CODE minimizing expense, at LIENTS' Service.
STOCKS, SHARES, &c., bought and sold.
GOVERNMENT PAPER AND OTHER SECURITIES kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.
LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.
MONIES Cabled and paid same day in England. Cost of Message about Rs. 8, and NO COMMISSION charged for remitting.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.
ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE—effected at reasonable rates.
Agents for the STANDARD and ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICES.
Full information promptly given and Handbooks sent free on Application.

### DOCTOR MENIST SPECTACLES.

REVISED PRICES.

| | Gold. Rs. | Silver Rs. | Steel & Nickel. Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| With Turnpin Side | 60 | 28 | 16 |
| With Single Temple | 50 | 24 | 13 |
| With Cur | 50 | 24 | 13 |
| Folders or Pince-Nez | 50 | 24 | 13 |

SPECTACLES AND FOLDERS FITTED WITH MARCKS AND CO'S.

Finest quality PEBBLES, at a REDUCTION of Rs. 5 on above Prices for Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 for Steel.

Our new "Movillete" Frame which has gained universal admiration.

THROUGHOUT INDIA IS WORTH INSPECTING.

Our Celebrated Violet Tinted Sun Glare and Dust Glasses, strongly recommended by all the leading men.

| Gold. Rs. | Silver. Rs. | Nickel. Rs. | Steel. Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 60 | 25 | 12 | 5 |

NOTICE.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is given to all REPAIRS which are executed with the greatest precision and least possible delay. Oculist's prescriptions CAREFULLY PREPARED.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

## TREACHER & CO.'S CELEBRATED WHISKIES.

ALL GUARANTEED AS MATURED SPIRITS FROM BEST DISTILLERIES.

| | Ordinary Rates. Per doz. Rs. a. | Special Cash Rates. Per doz. Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|
| **"FINE OLD GLENLIVET."** A special blend of Scotch Whisky, bottled only by ourselves, is Unequalled in age and quality | 27 0 | 24 0 |
| **SPECIAL LIQUEUR.** A genuine ripe old Whisky | 36 8 | 32 8 |
| Connoisseurs will fully appreciate its mellowness. | | |
| **HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY.** Phœnix Whisky | 29 0 | 26 0 |
| A well-matured Spirit, exceptionally mellow to the taste. | | |
| **"OLD IRISH."** This is guaranteed as an old thoroughly ripe Spirit | 29 0 | 26 0 |
| "DIABETES" WHISKY | 28 0 | 25 0 |
| SPECIAL WHISKY | 26 8 | 23 8 |

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

## FRENCH STORES.

| | |
|---|---|
| TRUFFLED SAUSAGES. | MUSHROOMS DE PARIS. |
| CHOUCROUTE GARNI. | MACEDOINE DE LEGUMES. |
| ANCHOVIES IN OIL. | PETITS POIS, EXTRA Quality. |
| THOU IN OIL. | ASPARAGUS POINTES. |
| ROYANS A LA BORDELAISE. | TRUFFES DU PERIGORD. |
| PATE DE FOIES GRAS. | TRUFFES PIECES FOR COOKING. |
| PREPARED FRENCH MUSTARD. | COCKS COMBS. |
| FRENCH SAUCES. | GUENELLES GARNITURE FINANCIER. |
| ASPARAGUS EXTRAFINE. | |

## SPANISH AND FRENCH OLIVES.

BEST YORK HAMS, boiled in cut ..... Rs. 2-8 Per lb.
BEST WILTSHIRE BACON, in flitch ..... Rs. 1-0 Per lb.

The above Stores, &c., guaranteed the best obtainable in the Home and Continental Houses.

## FELICE CORNAGLIA,

IMPORTER OF

HIGH CLASS STORES.

83, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.

## TH. VAFIADIS & Co.,

GENERAL TOBACCONISTS AND MANUFACTURERS

AT CAIRO, AND IMPORTERS IN INDIA OF OUR OWN WORLD-RENOWNED HIGH CLASS

## EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

Also Importers of the following :—

Best Continental HAVANA and Real MANILA CIGARS, INDIAN CIGARS, by Messrs. Spencer & Co., Ld., McDowell & Co., Oakes, & Co., Ld., and "The Planters."

## BEST ENGLISH AND AMERICAN TOBACCOS

For Pipes and Cigarettes, and of every other Smokers' Requisites of a Superior Quality and exquisite workmanship.

GRAND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEPOT.
AT 20, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

## BECK & CO.'S KAISER BREWERY KEY MARK PILSENER BEER.

LIGHT, PURE, WHOLESOME.

NONE GENUINE EXCEPT WHEN THE LABLES BEAR THE WORDS

KAISER BREWERY, BECK & CO.,

HADENFELDT AND CO., CALCUTTA.

SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS IN INDIA.

WHOLESALE AGENTS:— H. J. RUSTOMJEE & CO.
KARACHI AND BOMBAY.

TO BE HAD OF ALL WINE AND SPIRIT DEALERS.

## PIANOS FOR INDIA,

THE BEST PROCURABLE, SPECIALLY BUILT FOR THE CLIMATE AT

SOUNDY & CO., LD.,

WRITE FOR NEW PRICE LIST.

TRY SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC.

Has no Equal, nor a Rival for driving away Fevers Malaria, and Ague. Acts like a charm. Prevent and cures Plague! Re. 1. By all Chemists. MADON SONS & Co., Esplanade Cross Road.

## WATCHES.

THAT HAVE given great satisfaction during use as reliable TIME-KEEPERS for many years. Watches that can be relied on always.

Every watch before it leaves our hands is well tested and regulated and no watch leaves our establishment unless it can fulfil all the conditions of our written guarantee which accompanies it.

### METAL.—

| | Rs. a. |
|---|---|
| MARCKS' Crystal face Nickel Silver Keyless Military Popular Watch | 15 8 |
| MARCKS' Crystal face Nickel Silver Keyless Campaign Watch | 23 0 |
| MARCKS' Crystal face Nickel Silver Keyless Campaign Watch PERFECTION | 35 0 |
| MARCKS' Crystal face Nickel Silver Keyless Railway Watch, Stout and strong | 35 0 |
| MARCKS' Crystal face Nickel Silver Keyless Railway Watch, very superior | 55 0 |
| MARCKS' Military Model Unparalled Wrist Watch with Strap, the Best Wrist Watch ever manufactured | 32 0 |
| MARCKS' Crystal face Keyless Calendar Watch | 24 0 |
| MARCKS' Crystal face Keyless Automatic or Handless Watch | 45 0 |

### SILVER.—

| | |
|---|---|
| MARCKS' Military Lever Pocket Watch in Silver Crystal face case | 45 0 |
| MARCKS' Military Lever Pocket Watch in Silver Hunting case | 50 0 |
| MARCKS' Military Lever Pocket Watch in Silver Half-Hunting case | 55 0 |
| MARCKS' Campaign Watch in Silver Crystal face case, very high quality of Campaign Watch | 60 0 |
| MARCKS' Campaign Watch in Silver Hunting case | 65 0 |
| MARCKS' Campaign Watch in Silver Half-Hunting case | 70 0 |
| MARCKS' Coventry Watch, an English-made Watch, sterling Silver Crystal face | 70 0 |
| MARCKS' Coventry Watch, an English-made Watch, sterling Silver Hunting case. | 75 0 |
| MARCKS' Coventry Watch, an English-made Watch, sterling Silver Half-hunting case | 80 0 |
| MARCKS' Fine Railway Watch in Silver case, very handsome Watch and of high quality, English-made | 95 0 |
| MARCKS' English Standard Watch in Sterling Silver Crystal face case | 100 0 |
| MARCKS' English Standard Watch in Sterling Silver Hunting case | 115 0 |
| MARCKS' English Standard Watch in Sterling Silver Half Hunting case | 125 0 |

WITH EACH WATCH we SUPPLY a CASE, SPARE GLASS, MAIN SPRING, and a WRITTEN GUARANTEE for TWO YEARS.

## MARCKS & CO., LD.,

PRACTICAL WATCH MAKERS.

BOMBAY AND POONA.

## DRYING BOTTLES FOR THE MONSOON.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Quart. | Size | Each | Rs. 2 |
| 2 " | " | " | " 3 |
| 4 " | " | " | " 5 |
| 7 " | " | " | " 10 |

A CONVENIENT AND EASY METHOD OF KEEPING CIGARS, MATCHES, GLOVES, FEATHERS, &c., DRY DURING THE RAINS.

KEMP & CO., LD., {SASSOON HOUSE,} BOMBAY.

THE LATEST ADDITION TO THE "BAHADUR" CATALOGUE.

## "BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS" BRAND.

THE "BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS"

Brand is the latest addition to our List. They are packed in Boxes of 100, each Cigar being Ringed with a "BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS Ring.

"BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS" Extra large 5 inches, Rs. 37-8.

| | |
|---|---|
| "BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS," No. 1, 4½ in., Rs. 31-6. | "BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS," No. 3, 3¾ in., Rs. 27-8. |
| "BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS," No. 2, 4 in., Rs. 29-0. | "BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS," No. 4, 3 in., Rs. 24-0. |

PACKED in BOXES of 50, at an extra charge of Re. 1 Per 1,000.

PACKED in BOXES of 25, at an extra charge of Rs. 2 Per 1,000.

ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET FREE ON APPLICATION.

## McDOWELL & CO., LD.,

MADRAS AND LONDON.

## DANTRA'S CELEBRATED TEA.

IN 1, 5 and 10 lbs. AIR-TIGHT ROUND TIN BOXES.

| | Rs. a. p. | | Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|
| ROYAL ORANGE PEKOE Per lb. | 2 0 0 | ORANGE PEKOE Per lb. | 1 0 |
| ROSE ORANGE PEKOE " | 1 12 0 | PEKOE " | 0 11 |
| GOLDEN ORANGE PEKOE " | 1 8 0 | PEKOE SOUCHONG " | 0 12 |
| FLOWERY ORANGE PEKOE " | 1 4 0 | SOUCHONG " | 0 10 |

Our 13 years standing in the Trade is a sufficient guarantee for the Genuine and Superior Quality and Moderate Prices of our Teas. Discount allowed to Messes, Clubs, Merchants and other large buyers. All orders executed with care and promptitude. A trial earnestly solicited.

Established 1887. N. B. DANTRA & CO. Established 1887.

TEA MERCHANTS.

33, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

# NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the time for the submission of Tenders for the supply of Meter-fittings, Sluice valves, Hand lathe, Water taps, &c., has been extended to 2 P.M., of WEDNESDAY, the 18th July, 1900.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,

M. C. MURZBAN, F.R.I.B.A., M. INST., C. E.
Executive Engineer, Municipality.
Executive Engineer's Office, Bombay, 12th June 1900.

## THE BAI SAKARBAI DINSHAW PETIT HOSPITAL FOR ANIMALS.

FOR the purpose of REMOVING a DISABLED ANIMAL, a four-wheel ambulance may be ordered from the abovenamed Hospital at Parel, (Telephone No. 968) at any hour. A fee of Rs. 2 will be charged for the use of the ambulance to be sent to any part of the city. The ambulance has an admirable contrivance for easily dragging in a sick Animal, placing it on a board which rolls on wheels and which is drawn in by means of ropes and a pulley.

K. M. SHROFF,
Secretary and Treasurer.

NOTICE is hereby given that JIWAN MANGALIA GAWAND and his mother THAKOOBAI, widow of MANGALIA ZAOROJEE GAWAND, all of Bombay, Hindu inhabitants, have contracted TO SELL to Mr. KASHINATH LUXUMON, the following property namely :—All that piece or parcel of Government Toka land or ground situated, lying and being at Wadalla, near sewree in the city of Bombay, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement (3080) square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 142, 142 and 153, Collector's new No. 1498, and new Survey No. 2-2306, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on or towards the East by the Government Salt Pan, on or towards the West by the Public Road from Sewree to Wadalla, on or towards the North by the ground of Damaji Narayen Gawand, and on or towards the South by the Garden ground of Alloojee Gowroji Gawand, and which said land is now in the possession of the vendor.

All persons having any interest in or claim against the said land or ground by way of lease, lien, charge, sale, gift, mortgage, inheritance or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their office, at 9, Tamrind Lane, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof after which time the sale will be completed and all claims thereafter received shall be considered as null, void and waived.—Dated this 12th June, 1900.

HORMASJI & ROMER,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

## REMEMBER

## MADON, SONS & CO.,

For Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Toilet requisites and all articles

CONNECTED WITH PHARMACY.

Up-country orders promptly attended to and carefully executed on the same day the order is received. Prices moderate, and compare favourably with other houses in Trade in India.

MADON, SONS & Co.,
Carnac Road, BOMBAY, Market,
OPPOSITE GOCULDAS TEJPAL HOSPITAL.

## A HISTORICAL TREASURE TROVE.

"OFFICIAL PAPERS appertaining to the case of the Dethroned RAJA of SATARA, with a brief statement of the case," printed in London in 1843, is the Treasure Trove I have found. This edition is 351 pages, Royal octavo, and the Annotations and Index I mean to add will increase it to about 400 pages.

All lovers of Indian History are requested to send in their names and addresses, for Copies to be sold at Rs. 5 each, exclusive of postage, V. P. P. system.

HISTORICUS,
Care of
The MANAGER, "BOMBAY GAZETTE,"
Press, Fort, Bombay

THE WAR! THE WAR!!!

Help the Britisher and British Industry,

BY SMOKING THE

"DILKHOOSH"

CIGARETTES,

(Made in London by Messrs. J. B. JOHNSON & Co.,) and thereby assist the families of those that are fighting and falling for their Queen and Country.

For every 1,000 Cigarettes sold FOUR ANNAS will be given to the Transvaal War Fund, consequently by buying the "Dilkhoosh" you indirectly give your mite to the War Fund.

THE "DILKHOOSH"

ARE THE FINEST AND BEST CIGARETTES GOING.

SOLD BY

Messrs. PHILLIPS & Co., Ld., D. MERWAN & Co., F. S. MADON & Co., HORMUZ SHERIAR IRANI, and all respectable Tobacconists.

SOLE AGENT FOR INDIA, BURMA AND CEYLON:

18, BANK STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

## J. NEUBERG,

51, ESPLANADE ROAD,

BOMBAY.

DAY LIGHT LOADING.

KODAK CAMERAS AND SPOOLS.

### CAMERAS.

| | Rs. | a. |
|---|---|---|
| POCKET KODAKS ... ... ... ... | 22 | 0 |
| FOLDING POCKET KODAKS No. 1 ... | 45 | 0 |
| Do. do. do. No. 2 ... | 70 | 0 |
| BULL'S EYE KODAKS No. 2 ... ... | 36 | 0 |
| Do. do. No. 4 ... ... | 55 | 0 |
| CARTRIDGE do. No. 4 ... ...115 | | 0 |
| LASSPLATE attachments for Cartridge Kodak No. 4... ... ... ... ... | 55 | 0 |

### SPOOLS.

| | Rs. | a. |
|---|---|---|
| For POCKET KODAK, 12 Exp. ...Each | 1 | 2 |
| " FOLDING POCKET, No. 1 12 Exp. ... | 2 | 8 |
| Do. do. No. 2 " ... | 3 | 4 |
| " BULL'S EYE KODAK. No. 2 ... ... | 3 | 4 |
| " Do. do. No. 4... | 5 | 0 |
| " CARTRIDGE KODAK. No. 4... | 5 | 0 |

Developing and Printing undertaken.

J. NEUBERG,
51, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

# SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re 1, each succeeding line, As 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

PEG MEASURES.—Reversible. Full "Peg" one side, half "peg" the other. Britannia Metal, Rs. 5-8. Electro-plate on Nickel Silver, gilt inside, Rs. 9-8. Sterling Silver, gilt inside in leather covered, velvet lined case, Rs. 23-8.—MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

"TARAXACUM JUICE WITH PODOPHYLLIN," a combination of the two medicines in a most agreeable form. A certain remedy for sluggish Liver. Per bottle Re. 1 and Rs. 1-12. THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

100 RUPEES PRIZE.—Open to every body, nothing to pay. Apply for terms to The SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., 5, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

GENT STRAW BOATERS.—Firm Double-Brims, Stout Make, Rs. 4-8. Soft Felt Hats, Seal Black and Silver Grey, Rs. 9-8, Silk Lined. Smart Tweed Caps, from Rs. 4. Silk Lined.—ASQUITH and LORD, Esplanade Road (opposite Clock Tower).

UMBRELLAS! UMBRELLAS! UMBRELLAS! Superior English-make for Gents and Ladies, Useful alike in Sun or Rain, from Rs. 1-8. New Stock just opened at SHROFF BROS.

MEMBERSHIP OF BOMBAY ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALON is OPEN to the Public. For advantages offered and full particulars, please apply to the Manager, RAJA DEEN DAYAL and SONS, Photographers to Her Imperial Majesty the Queen Empress of India, Fort, Bombay.

FURNITURE.—Messrs. AHMED DEWJI and BROTHERS respectfully invite the Public to inspect their SHOW-ROOM in Chukla Street.

£2,200,000 POLICIES were issued by the STANDARD in 1899 being the largest amount in the History of the Company. —Apply STANDARD LIFE OFFICE, Bombay.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

TO BE LET.—Room suitable for Barrister or Pleader opposite the High Court, from 1st June Rent Rs. 35, Apply to MUKHI CASSAMBHAI MOOSA Manager to H. H. the Aga Khan, Jail Road.

TO BE LET.—A large, airy and commodious upperstoried BANGALOW with Stable and out-houses, situate at Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, upto now occupied by Mr. K. R. Cama. For terms and other particulars apply to Seth G. G. TEIZPAL, next door, or at No. 53, Esplanade Road, Fort. Also a BANGALOW, TO LET, situate at 6th Khetwadi Lane.

TO BE LET.—Furnished BUNGALOW at Malabar Hill, Walkeshwar.—Apply to MUKHI CASSAMBHAI MOOSA, Manager to H. H. Sir Aga Khan, Jail Road.

TO BE LET.—The whole Building in Byramji Homji Street, Fort, up till now occupied by the Cathedral Girls High School, opposite Fort High School. For terms and other particulars apply to MUKHI CASSAMBHAI MOOSA, Manager to H. H. the Aga Khan, Jail Road.

TO BE LET.—The THIRD FLAT of the PHEROZE BUILDING, next to Yacht Club Chambers commanding excellent view of the harbour. For Rent and other particulars, apply to Mr. ARDESHER BHICAJI PATELL, care of A. Bhicaji & Co., Jewellers, Apollo Bunder.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS, Price 8 Annas, Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office

RECEIVED FANCY REVOLVING MUSICAL CIGAR STANDS, Rs. 15, 22, and Rs. 30, plays 1 and 2 Tunes.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription, Rs. 15 per year Including Postage.

WANTED, a qualified MEDICAL MAN for Zaila (Somali Coast). Salary Rs. 125; House free. Apply "C. D.," Care of this paper.

FLAT.—WANTED by the end of September small Flat, Colaba Causeway, Sea View or neighbourhood. Address stating rent.—"G.," care of this Office.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice, Engraving, Copper-plate Printing and Lithographing orders. For rates apply to SUPERINTENDENT "Bombay Gazette," Steam Press.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants, Clerks, Peons, &c., and Nurses, &c., of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronized by the Officers of the Services (Army and Navy) as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Portuguese and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee and hold ourselves responsible. Highest reference given if required. Fee Rs. 2 each servant. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. N. B.—Beware of the so-called Registry Offices.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers.—In India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Route in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price, 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Terminus.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business, 1, Trafalgar Buildings Charing Cross, London.

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Messrs. HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

# SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT MUSTAN TANK STREET.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD & Co, will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, Keserbai, widow of Khoja Hassum Munji, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Ahmed Mahomed Mistry, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 15th day of February, 1899 the following property, viz :—

All that piece of Government land, together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, on the southern side of Mustan Tank Street, without the Fort, in the Registration Sub-district, of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, admeasuring 83 square yards be the same little, more or less, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No, 505, new No. 7759, old Survey No 2540, and new Survey No 3998, and bounded as follows :—On the east by the house of Hakim Mahomed Daem, on the west by a public passage, on the north by the said Mustan Tank Street, and on the south by the sweeper's passage and which said premises are assessed under Ward E Ward No 605 and Street No. 5

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the Undersigned.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY.

AUCTION SALE OF LARGE SIZE MAJOLICA JARDINEERS, TERRA COTTA FIGURES, LEATHER DRESSING BAGS, WITH FITTINGS, &c.

On FRIDAY, the 15th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Watson Building, Church Gate Street, Fort, by order of the concerned the following consisting of large size majolica Jardineers, terra cotta figures and busts, mother of pearls inlaid clocks with side candelabras, morocco leather, large size travelling, dressing and writing bags with fittings, small dressing cases, best electro plated ware, alabaster ware, &c.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY ON THE KALBADEVI ROAD OUTSIDE THE FORT.

On WEDNESDAY, the 4th July, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the surviving Mortgagees, Dwarkadass Chotalal and Liladhar Madanji, carrying on business in partnership, under the name of Dwarkadas Chotalal and on account and at the risk of the surviving Mortgagors, Balmookundas Vithuldas, and Balubhai Vizbhukhandas and Gandabhai Vizbhukhandas, the sons, heirs, and legal representatives of the deceased, co-mortgagor, Vizbhukhandas Laldas, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 15th day of September, 1893, and in the Indentures of further charge, dated respectively, the 14th day of April 1894, and 4th day of December, 1895, the following property, viz :—

All that Fazendaree piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the messuage or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Kalbadevi Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 176 and three-ninths square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under Ward No. 1140, Street Nos. 284-286, and bounded on the north by the property formerly belonging to Sudanund Jeggannath, but now to Vageeshanker Keshavram, on the south by the property of Jeggannath Hemraj, on the west by a public passage, and on the east by the Kalbadevi Road, and which said hereditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the said surviving mortgagor and the said sons of the said deceased co-mortgagor and their tenants.

For further particular and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanji, and Motilal, attorneys for the said mortgagees, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 13th June, 1900.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

On FRIDAY, the 15th inst., at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at Colaba, in Messrs. Gill and Co.'s godown, by order of Dewji Vussonji and on account and risk of the defaulting purchasers F. C. Rustomji and Aryodaya Spinning and Weaving Co., Ld., at Ahmadabad—

100 full-pressed bales of Compta Ginned cotton.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 16th instant, at 6 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong victoria in very good order.
1 second-hand strong office shigram.
1 grey Arab quiet in harness.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 strong-built glass-fronted miniature brougham.
1 set double harness.
1 strong vis-a-vis, by Dykes of Calcutta.

On SUNDAY, the 17th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Slaughter House, Bandora, the very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood French-polished household furniture of the latest design, rich glass and crockery, best platedware, one sweet-toned Mahogany cottage piano by Soundy and Co., rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, Hink's and Ditmar table and hanging lamps, two guns, lot of wearing apparel and linens rich carpets, and rugs, &c., the property of the late Mr. W. SAUNDERS.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

GRAND AUCTION SALE.

IMPORTANT TO TAILORS, DRAPERS AND OTHERS.

On WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY the 20th and 21st instant at 1 p.m. each day Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Meadow Street opposite the Currency Bank the entire stock-in-trade of late Issubji Admji Tailor and Out-fitter consisting of Scotch tweed venetian coating, colour coating, cashmere, flannel, serge, alpacca, pilot cloth, Italian cloth, cotton duck, stripe calico, french canvas, khaki, velvet, cordray drill &c.

The above will be sold in small lots to suit buyers and is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under the instructions from the executors of the late Mr. A. F. Morries, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on SUNDAY, the 24th instant, at 1 p.m., sell by Public Auction at Palli Hill Road, Bandora, the very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood plain and carved household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best platedware, Hink's and Ditmar's kerosine oil, table and hanging lamps Japanese flower vases, one strong built dog cart by Stephens, &c., &c.

The property will be on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co

Bombay, 13th June, 1900.

TO BE LET,

A FURNISHED BUNGALOW, at MALABAR HILL, Sea Shore, Narayen Dabulker's Road, lately occupied by Mr. E. Sechon of Messrs. Gaddum & Co Apply

MUKHI KASSAMBHOY MOOSA,
Estate Manager
to Sir H. H. Agakhan, Jail Road.

TO BE LET.

THE whole BUILDING in Byramji Homji Street, Fort, up till now occupied by the Cathedral Girls High School, opposite Fort High School. For terms and other particulars, apply to

MUKHI CASSAMBHAI MOOSA,
Manager to H. H. the Aga Khan, Jail Road.

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Beams of all sections from 3 inch to 24 inch deep and in a large variety of lengths up to 44 feet.

Best and Strongest Beams in the Market.

Quotations on application for Delivery to any Railway Station in India.

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PLEASE NOTE.—Specifics for Hydrocele and Asthma; immediate relief; permanent cure guaranteed or the price each Rs. 5 refunded even in most obstinate cases. Many cases promptly and successfully cured. Try once only. SPEEDY CURE for DIABETES is successful when all other remedies fail to produce the slightest effect. Safe and sure. Per bottle Rs. 3. "FEMALES' FRIEND"—a safe and reliable remedy for all female disorders and irregularities. Per bottle Rs. 3. Our correspondence always treated strictly private. Apply to MANAGER (B.), V. C. Works, Ranaghat, Bengal.

RECEIVED Gold, Silver and Metal Keyless Lever Watches by John Barrell, Rs. 200 to Rs. 16.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

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Per Case of 4 Dozen.....Qts. Rs. 20 0
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Pay to commence at dollars. 1,056 per annum, with yearly increments of salary varying from dollars. 60 to dollars 132 per annum until in the 11th year dollars 1,980 is reached, when after passing an Examination in the practical subjects of his profession, and in matters relating to hospital management and public health, a salary of dollars. 2,316 will be given for 3 years.

In the 15th year of Service, after passing another similar Examination the maximum salary of dollars. 2,520 is reached.

Private practice is allowed in certain Stations.

Free quarters are provided.

Passages for officer and family not exceeding 4 persons will be paid by Government.

Apply giving age, qualifications, copies of testimonials, &c, to the STATE SURGEON, Perak, via Penang.

# To Lovers of Art.

THE establishment in the "First City in India" of a high class and fashionable Art Gallery, fitted up in the most approved and artistic style, where artists and their patrons can at all times meet to their mutual advantage, and to the advancement of Art itself, has been our desire for some years past; but the difficulties in the way of its fulfilment have been so great that the scheme has had to be abandoned—for the time being at least. We are persuaded that were we able to secure the influential support of those in high places and the help of lovers of Art in the Presidency, the Gallery would be a *fait accompli*. Another object of ours in wishing to form an Art Gallery is that we may be able to educate the native mind, and, by furnishing the people with an opportunity of viewing and comparing European work with the crude and absurd productions they have been accustomed to cultivate a refined and more artistic taste in them. Surely this worthy desire ought to have the encouragement it reserves from all true lovers of Art!

In submitting our new Catalogue to the public which can be obtained on application, we desire to place this object prominently before them, at the same time thanking them for the patronage and support they have already given us. It has enabled us to place the concern in some degree in as favoured a position as some of the leading Picture Dealers' establishments in London or Paris; so far, at least, as India is concerned.

A new feature, as will be seen in the present issue of the Catalogue, is that we have included all the different lines of business which we undertake in one and the same cover, whereas in former years they were printed in separate handbooks, leaflets, &c., necessitating a deal of needless repetition.

It has, therefore, been our endeavour to spare the public the tediousness of the task of looking through a number of separate prints for what they require, by compiling the present issue in as concise and handy a form as possible, adding to it an Index—a feature that was not possible to introduce in the former erratic sort of publications.

Of course, we are sensible of many defects in this our first venture: the principal one being the impossibility to embody in a trade catalogue a complete list of our stock of Engravings. We would, therefore, request those seeking any known engraving not enumerated herein to communicate with us.

We have, further, the pleasure of notifying our *clientele* of our removal into more spacious and conspicuous premises, the address of which we would risk them to kindly take particular note.

Hoping for a continuance of the esteemed patronage and support of our customers, and the public in general

D. B. DINSHAW & CO.,

BOMBAY FINE ART GALLERY,

ESPLANADE ROAD,

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"KEATING'S POWDER."
"KEATING'S POWDER."
"KEATING'S POWDER."
"KEATING'S POWDER."

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HARMLESS TO ANIMALS.
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The genuine powder bears the autograph of THOMAS KEATING. Sold in Tins and Bottles only.

"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS."
"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS."
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"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS."

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in Bottles, by all Druggists,

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FOR SALE.

ONE new English built half C. springs canoe LANDAU, with patent self-acting hood, suitable for a single or pair of horses.

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One new English built stylish light VICTORIA, suitable for a single horse.

English built second-hand LANDAUS, VICTORIAS and BROUGHAMS by well known makers.

HOUSES FURNISHED with latest style of furniture.

Furniture of the latest designs FOR SALE o HIRE and also made TO ORDER.

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RESERVE FUND..... .. 8,000,000

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Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof, wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the Hotels, further, Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Papers, Gold, Silver, etc.

W. LLEWELLYN,
Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

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PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... £500,000
RESERVE FUND ..... £310,000

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BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund.....$ 115,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors .....$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:

SIR THOMAS JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*
London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE:

WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
G. E. NOBLE, Esq., 34 Inverness Terrace, Bayswater, W.
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.

SIR EWEN CAMERON, K.C.M.G, JOHN WALTER, Esq. } Managers.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES,

LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| AMOY. | HANKOW. | PENANG. |
| BANGKOK. | HIOGO. | RANGOON. |
| BATAVIA. | ILOILO. | SAIGON. |
| BOMBAY. | LYONS. | SANFRANCISCO |
| CALCUTTA. | MANILA. | SINGAPORE. |
| COLOMBO. | NAGASAKI. | SOURABAYA. |
| FOOCHOW. | NEW YORK. | TIENTSIN |
| HAMBURG. | PEKING. | YOKOHAMA. |

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Receives on terms which may be learnt on Application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

W. B. THOMSON,
Agent.

47, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 61 Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

## BANKS.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:—CALCUTTA.

BRANCHES:—BOMBAY, KARACHI, LAHORE, LONDON, MADRAS, RANGOON AND RAWAL PINDEE.

SUB-BRANCHES:—MURREE, (April to October) and AMRITSAR.

DEPOSIT AGENCIES:—

Messrs. SINCLAIR MURRAY & Co.—Narayanguni.
Messrs. SCHRODER SMIDT & Co.—Digha Ghat, Dinapur, Patna.
H. FREDERICHSON, Esq.—Raj Nandgaon (Raipur, C. P).
Messrs. LALLA GUNGARAM CHOONILALL.—Mhow.
MOOCHOOL SHAH, Esq.—Poona.
MANIBHAI JESVSINGBHAI HATHEESING, Esq.—Ahmedabad.
Messrs. CHUNIBHAI DAYABHAI VAKILNAH & Co.—Surat.

CAPITAL PAID UP—Rs. 40,00,000.
RESERVE FUND...— ,, 1,00,000.

RATES OF INTEREST allowed are as under—

STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS:—

9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ per cent. per annum.
3 years at 6 per cent. per annum.

The Bank will also at the Head Office or at any of the Branches in India, transfer sums for DEPOSIT in London, carrying interest from date of transfer in India.

Special Rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS. At present they are—

For 2 and 3 months, at 4 per cent. per annum.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

Cheques, Bills, Hundies and Currency Notes of any Circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above INTEREST DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS receive 2 per cent. per annum upon the daily balances.

Apply for RULES to HEAD OFFICE or BRANCHES.

By Order of the Board,
C. BERESFORD,
Manager.

Oriental Buildings, Bombay, 1st May, 1900.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.....£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£562,5000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£562,500

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KURRACHEE COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

# NOTICES.

## B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

REVISION OF LOCAL AND SUBURBAN SERVICE.

THE PUBLIC are hereby informed that on and from FRIDAY, the 15th June 1900, the TIMINGS of the LOCAL TRAINS between Colaba and Virar, on Week-days as well as Sundays, will be revised. For further particulars, please refer to the Sheet Time Tables exhibited at all Local Stations.

D. FF. POWELL,
Acting General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 8th June, 1900.

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PRELIMINARY APPLICATIONS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th July, 1900, for a contract for the SUPPLY of PAPER of all kinds, BLANK BOOKS, POCKET and PEON BOOKS, and ENVELOPES of all sizes and descriptions, for use by the officials o the Jammu and Kashmir State.

The applications should clearly specify the manufacturing facilities of the applying Firms or Mills, the extent of their yearly business and what large contracts or classes of work they at present executte. (Applications which fail to give full information on these points will at once be rejected.)

To such applications as appear prima-facie to be in a position to undertake the present contract, the undersigned will issue samples of the paper, &c., required, and communicate the probable annual consumption of each article and the conditions of the contract; and tenders will then be invited.

The contract will in the first instance probably be for 3 years.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any terder, or to give any reason for the acceptance or rejection of a tender.

(Sd.) L. E. PRITCHARD,
Accountant General,
Jammu and Kashmir State, Srinagar, Kashmir.

Srinagar, dated 30th May, 1900.

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TO BE SHORTLY PUBLISHED.

## RAJA OF SATARA DETHRONED.

ALL the PAPERS on the case of the DEPOSED RAJA of Satara and the impeachment of Colonel C. OVANS with HISTORICAL NOTES and a Sketch of the Previous Proceedings at the India House with the Debates are shortly to be published in Royal 8vo. The preface will embrace a concise account of the House of Satara and it is proposed to be written by an Oriental Scholar.

Names and Addresses of Subscribers are being registered by Messrs. J. GHOSE and SONS, Book Collectors of Calcutta. Present temporary address Indore Residency. Price Rs. Three per copy, exclusive of Postage. Paper bound. Cloth bound, Rs. 3-8-0. Books will be forwarded by value payable post, if remittance not previously received.

J. GHOSE & SONS,
Book Collectors of Calcutta.

Temporary Address: Indore Residency, May 20, 1900.

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## THE BOMBAY TELEPHONE Co., LD.

OFFICES: ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.

THE Company has a LARGE and VARIED STOCK of TELEPHONES of the latest and most approved designs.

Office and Domestic Telephones for indoor use.

Perfected General Inter-communication Telephones for large Offices, Warehouses, Hotels, &c.

Railway Telephones for Railway Signal Work.

Mining and Engine House Telephones.

Portable Military or Field Telephones, for Rifle Ranges and field operations in temporary or standing camps.

Telephone accessories and material of every description kept in stock. Estimates furnished for Installations and instructions given for erection and maintenance, or undertaken, if desired.

The Company also SUPPLY Electric Bells, Indicators, Pushes, Lightning conductors, Medical Induction Coils, &c.

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OFFERING 2,000

FRESH WATCHES FOR SALE.

MONEY RETURNED IF NOT APPROVED.

JUST UNPACKED. GUARANTEED FOR 3 YEARS.

No. 1, Railway Regulator Watch, Rs. 3-8; No. 2, Rs. 4-8; No. 3, Rs. 5; and Curzon Watch, Rs. 5-8 each. Testimonials highest and any number. Soliciting early orders.

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## NEW PICTURES.

FOR THE NEW CENTURY, 1900, JUST TO HAND.

| | Rs. | As. |
|---|---|---|
| Alpine Climber, An—26in. by 32in.—K. Dielitz and Winter Breath Cause Cold and Chill (landscape) J. Farquharson | 21 | 0 |
| Arched Grotto, Ceptri August Len 26 by 32 | 21 | 0 |
| Art Wins Heart—26 by 32—Paul Thumann 26 by 32 | 21 | 0 |
| At the Fountain—26 by 32—Sir F. Leighton, P. R. A. 26 by 32 | 21 | 0 |
| Autumn Gold (landscape)—26 by 32—J. Farquharson, 26 by 32 | 21 | 0 |
| Bride, The—Ed. Bisson 26 by 32 | 21 | 0 |
| Champion, The (wild cattle from Chillingham) 26 by 32, Basil Bradley | ... | |
| Charity (allegorical) L. Knaus 26 by 32 | ... | |
| Charles Dickens—26 by 32—Daniel Maclise, R.A. | ... | |
| Christ in Gethsemane—26 by 32—J. M. H. Hofmann | ... | |
| Cold Shoulder, The—26 by 32—(a Hunting incident) A. W. Strutt | ... | |
| Corner in the Marketplace, A—26 by 32—Sir E. J. Poynter, R.A. | ... | |
| Couple of the Oakley, A (hounds)—26 by 32—The Blinks | ... | |
| Cromwell at Dunbar—26 by 32—A. C. Gow | ... | |
| Curefor Gout, A—26 by 32—W. Dendy Sadler. | ... | |
| Dancing Girl, A—Alb Von Keller, 26 by 32 | ... | |
| Dawn (allegorical) Frank Dicksee, 26 by 32 | ... | |
| Dejeunor (Pups, Kittens, Dicklings and Chicks) W. H. Frood, 26 by 32 | ... | |
| Desire of all Nations (The Wisemen doing homage to the Infant Christ | ... | |
| Divider Affections—Arthur J. Elsley, 26 by 32 | ... | |
| Diadumena—Sir Ed. J. Poynter, R.A. 26 by 32 | ... | |
| Door of the Fold, The (Sacred subject) 26 by 32 Sybil C. Parker | ... | |
| Elaine—J. M. Strudwick, 26 by 32 | ... | |
| Empty Chair, The (a stag hound)—26 by 32—Briton Rivers | ... | |
| Faraglioni near Capri, The—26 by 32—August Len | ... | |
| First Awekening of Eve, The—26 by 32—Val C. Princep | ... | |
| Floreal—26 by 32—E. 26 by 32, Bisson | ... | |
| Flowerv May—26 by 32, L. Alma Tadema | ... | |
| Foretaste of Summer, 26 by 32, L. C. Nightingale | ... | |
| Four Seasons, The—26 by 32, Unknown | ... | |
| Getting it Hot: (companion to the "cold shoulder") 26 by 32, A. W. Strutt | ... | |
| "Gin a Body, Kiss a Body" 26 by 32, Maude Goodman | ... | |
| Girl of the Period (lady with gun with a shooting party) 26 by 32, Heywood Hardy | ... | |
| Golden Autumn (landscape) 26 by 32, Douglas Adams | ... | |
| Golden Eve, A (companion to, above) 26 by 32, B. W. Leader | ... | |
| Goodmorning, Mother Dear—26 by 32, E. Munser | ... | |
| Goodbye—26 by 32, Arthnr J. Usley | ... | |
| Greek Slave—26 by 32 M. Nonsrenbench | ... | |
| Hard Pressed—26 by 32 (other with hounds in pursuit) A. Wardle | 21 | 0 |
| Bark to Towler (Hunting scene)—26 by 32, Companion to "Now Ride Lads"—Thos. Blinks | 21 | 0 |
| Heavy Load, A, 26 by 32, Forgan | 21 | 0 |
| "Hush" 26 by 32, Maude Goodman | 21 | 0 |
| For the Wine Seller—26 by 32, E. Grutzner | 21 | 0 |
| Iris, 26 by 32, W. A. Breakspeare | 21 | 0 |
| Our Village (a Hunting Morning) 30 by 40, Carter Read) | 21 | 0 |

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BOMBAY FINE ART GALLERY,
D. B. DINSHAW & Co.,
ESPLANADE ROAD

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SPECIFICS for Hydrocele and Elephantiasic guaranteed to cure this disease radically by using this medicine externally. Price Rs. 2-8 per bottle. Apply to

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# BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

| | Shares. | Amount. | Paid-up. | Last Half Yearly. Divid. | Cash Rate. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| INDIAN BANKS. | | | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Bank of Bombay | 20,000 | Rs. 500 | all | 10 p. c. } 1 bon. } | 1,285 |
| Bank of Bengal | 40,000 | 00 | all | 10 pr. ct. | 1,175 |
| Bank of Madras | 10,000 | 500 | all | 10 pr. ct. | 1,100 |
| Commercial Bank of India. | { 10,000 } { 15,000 } | 100 | { 100 75 } | nil | 65 |
| EXCHANGE BANKS. | | | | | |
| Agra | 1,00,000 | £6 | all | 3 pr. ct. | 79 |
| Charter Bank | 40,000 | £20 | £20 | 10 pr. ct. | £29 1-2 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation | 80,000 | dol. 125 | all | £1-10-0 | 1 |
| National Bank of India | 40,000 | £25 | £12 1-2 | 8 pr. ct. | |

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

| | | | Half yearly. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ahmedabad Advantage | 70 | 1,000 | 000 | Nil | |
| Alliance | 1,500 | 1,100 | all | Nil | 205 |
| Anglo-Indian | 1,345 | .. | 0 | Nil | 19 |
| Assur Yeerjee Mill Ltd | In all 2000 Shares of which 1002 have been allotted. | Rs. 500 each | Fully paid up | Rs. 25 12 1-2 | nom. |
| Aurangabad S & M. Co., Ld. | | 1,000 | 1,000 | | 60 |
| Ballary S.&.W. Co., Ld. (Bellary) | 971 | 60 | all | 9 per ct. | 1,000 |
| Berar Manfg Co., Ld | 2,750 | 550,000 | 200 | 12 1-2 | 170 |
| Bombay United | 90 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | 350 |
| Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co. | 90 | 500 | 500 | dvdRs 2 | 410 |
| Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | | 90 |
| Britannia Mills | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | d dRs.5 | 375 |
| Bombay Woollen Manfg. Co. Ltd | 650 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 10 per ct. | 1,009 |
| Central India | 1,000 | 500 | 500 | dvdRs.50 | 1,810xd |
| China Mills Co. Ld. | 800 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvdRs.35 | 450 |
| City of Bombay Mills | 800 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvdRs.25 | 680xd |
| Coimbatore S. and W. | 6,000 | 100 | 00 | 9 pr ct. | 1 |
| Connaught Mills | 600 | 500 | 500 | 25 | 540 |
| Colaba Land & Mills | 4,600 | 700 | ... | Rs. 10 | 350 |
| Coorla Mills | ct | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 25 | 360 |
| Currimbhoy Mills | 80 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvdRs60 | 690 |
| David Mill | 1,100 | 500 | 500 | dvdRs30 | 310 |
| Dhulia Ginning and Pressing Co., Ld. | 400 | 250 | all | dvdRs20 | 255 |
| Dhun Mills | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | 100 |
| Empress | 2,100 | 500 | 500 | Nil | 300 |
| Framjee Petit | 1,250 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | 750 |
| Hindustan | 1875 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | 310 |
| Hingunagar Mills | 700 | 500 | 500 | 40 | 670 |
| Howard and Bulloughs | 1,500 | 500 | 500 | 50 | 530 |
| Hope Mills | 900 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 30 | 350 |
| Hyderabad | 700 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 30 | 1,150xd |
| Imperial Cotton | 900 | 500 | 500 | Nil | 190 |
| Indian Manfg. | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | 420 |
| Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld. | 700 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvdRs 50 | 400 |
| James Greaves, | 1,100 | 500 | 500 | 25 | 450 |
| Jaffer Alli | 600 | 500 | 500 | dvdRs 20 | 220 |
| Jamshed Manufacturing Co. | 1,500 | 250 | 250 | dvd 5 | 130xd |
| Jewraj Balloo | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | no dvd | 400 |
| Jubilee Mills Co., Ld. | 8,430 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 20 | 300 |
| Khandelsh | 7,500 | 1,500 | 1,000 | dvdRs55 | 70 |
| Khangaum Manfg. Co. | 1,000 | 250 | 250 | 65 | 500xd |
| Khatao Mackunjee | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvdRs25 | 400 |
| Krishna Mills Ld. | 1,218 | 500 | .. | dvdRs.82 | 575 |
| Leopold | 3,500 | 100 | 10s | dvdRs.5 | 155 |
| Lord Reay Mfg | 445 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 30 | 20 |
| Lakmidas Spinning & Weaving Co. | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs 30 | 600 |
| Madras United | 356 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs 100 | 2,8.0 |
| Mahaluxmee | 600 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | 75 |
| Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga) | 3,400 | 500 | 500 | 5 pr ct. | ... |
| Manockjee Petit | 4,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | d vd 60 | 1800 |
| Mohanlal K. Parekh G & G. Mfg Co. Ld., | | | | | |
| Amraoti | 300 | 100 | 115 | dvdRs15 | ... |
| Mazagon | 5,000 | 250 | ... | dvdRs. 5 | 41½ |
| Morarji Goculdass | 1,050 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvdRs15 | 1425 |
| Mysore S & M. Co., Ld | 4,000 | 250 | 250 | dvdRs15 | 200 |
| Madura Mills | 7,779 | 100 | 100 | Nil | ... |
| National | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | pa 52 |
| New Great Eastern | 1,400 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 20 | 160 |
| Oriental | 5,725 | 625 | 25 | dvd Nil | 10 |
| Presidency Mills. Co. (Ld). | 742 | 1, | 1,000 | dvdRs.50 | 575 |
| Queen Mills | 800 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs30 | 550 |
| Ripon Mills | 600 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | 800 |
| Saraswati Mills | 1,250 | 500 | 500 | Nil | 500 |
| Sassoon | 1,500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvdRs20 | 490 |
| Sholapore Mills | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvdRs75 | 1790 |
| Soonderdas | 750 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs30 | 325 |
| Southern India | 1,000 | 500 | 500 | Nil | 85 |
| Southern Mahratta | 1,212 | 250 | 250 | dvRs 12½ | 230 |
| Sun Mills, Ld. | 1,300 | 250 | 250 | Rs. 15 | 165 |
| Standard Mills Co. | 1,000 | 500 | 500 | 15 | 185 |
| Star of India | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | 66 |
| Swadeshi Mills | 4,000 | 500 | 500 | dvdRs22½ | 570 |
| Sassoon and Allance | 3,000 | 500 | 500 | dvdRs2. | 290 |
| Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 50 | |
| Union Mills Ld. | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvdRs20 | 25 |
| Venishanker Lukmidshunker Mill Co. Ld. | 900 | 500 | 500 | dvdRs40 | 410xd |
| Victoria Mills | 550 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | 2 |
| Western India, | 1,200 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvdRs50 | 255 |
| Wadhwan City Ginning Pressing & Manufacturing Co., Ld. | 1400 | 50 | all | dvdR- | |
| Wadia Mills | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 81 | ... |

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock | ... | £100 | ... | ... | ... |
| B. B. & C. I. R. Co. New £12 Shares | ... | £10 | ... | ... | ... |
| Ahmedabad Prantej Ry. | 500 | 00 | ... | 5 pr. ct. | 630 |
| Tapti Valley Ry. Co. | 500 | 500 | ... | 4 pr. ct. | 480 |

PRESS COMPANIES.

| | | | | Yearly. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Akbar | 200 | 1,250 | 1,250 | 125 | 1,300x |
| Albert Ginning Co. | 100 | 500 | all | 18 pr. ct. | 410 |
| Albert (Kurrachee) | 200 | 1,100 | 1,100 | Rs. 80 | 725 |
| Bellary | 167 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dv Rs 20 | 170xd |
| Bhownugger City Press & Manfg. Co. Ld | 550 | 250 | 250 | 25 | 275 |
| Bombay Cotton | 1,000 | 125 | 125 | Nil. | 724 |
| Broulea Bandipore Press Co., Ld | 500 | 200 | 200 | dvdR30 | 180x1 |
| Broach City Press Co., Ld | 600 | 200 | 200 | dv Rs 20 | 200xd |
| Colaba | 500 | 1,880 | 1,880 | dvdRs15 | 315 |
| East India | 350 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 125 | 1,325 |
| English Press and Manfg | 400 | 200 | ... | dvd Rs 9 | 60 |
| Fort | 150 | 8,300 | 500 | dvd Rs20 | 650 |
| French | 300 | 500 | 500 | dvd Rs10 | 51 |
| Harvey and Sabapathy | 450 | 450 | 500 | dvdRs35 | 340xd |
| Hingoli Press Co., Ld | 700 | 100 | 100 | Rs 17 | 125xd |
| Khangaum | 240 | 450 | 450 | dvdRs 80 | 475xd |
| Bahuva Press Co., Ld | 1300 | 200 | all | 15 pr. ct. | 22 |
| Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld | 200 | 500 | 500 | 53 | 55 |
| Mercantile | 600 | 125 | 125 | dvd Rs 5 | 42½ |
| Mofussil Co | 125 | 400 | 400 | dvd Rs35 | 37 0 |
| Munmar M | 000 | 250 | all | dvd Rs20 | 180 |
| New Berar | 00 | 500 | 500 | dvd Rs30 | 480 |
| New Indian | 00 | 125 | 125 | dv Rs12½ | 137 |
| Prince of Wales | 100 | 500 | 00 | 20 | 165 |
| Sabapathy (Bellary) | 500 | 500 | 500 | 30 | 300xd |
| Sassoon | 300 | 500 | 500 | 20 | 340xd |
| Sind and Punjab Co. | 100 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 125 | 385 1725 |
| Sind | 400 | 2,000 | 750 | 20 | 325 |
| Sorab Woollen Mills | 200 | 250 | 250 | Nil. | |
| Surat City Press Co., Ld | 37 | 200 | all | 1 | |
| Volkart | ... | 000 | ... | Rs 80 | 985 |

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IF Major General Baden-Powell should decide to continue on active service in South Africa at present, it is thought probable that he will be given an important command, with possibly the local rank of Lieutenant-General. He only received his colonelcy in 1897, and he steps over the heads of a long list of officers senior to himself in taking his new rank.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," Sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Wholesale Depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

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# BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h, 23m. Sun sets, 6h. 37m. High water, 11-51m., 11-26a. Low water, 4-39m., 5-41a. Municipal Standing Committee, 3-30 p.m. Music at the Yacht Club, 6 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Seychelles, Durban, Cape Colony, Delagoa Bay, &c., per extra R. I. M. Clive, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 6 a.m., to-morrow.

MANOCKJEE NUSSERWANJEE PETIT CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the last month was 4,986, the daily average being 160. The total of new patients was 637.

MARATHA HOSPITAL.—Mr. N. M. Wadia, C.I.E., distributed sweetmeats to the patients and orphans of the Maratha Hospital on 24th May and 11th June in celebration of the Queen's Birthday and the day for the capture of Pretoria, respectively.

DESPATCH OF FAMINE REFUGEES FROM BOMBAY.—About four hundred famine refugees, consisting of men, women and children, were last night despatched from the Grant Road Station to their homes in Kathiawar by the mail and mixed trains.

AN UNTRUSTWORTHY SERVANT.—Wanna Govind, a goldsmith, having his place of business at Marwaree Bazaar, has made a report to the police that, on the 10th instant, he entrusted his servant with a bar of gold, valued at Rs. 160, and directed him to make it into an ornament. The servant left the shop with the gold and did not turn up again.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The String Band of the 2nd Bombay Grenadiers will play the following programme, at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, at 6 p.m., to-day:—

| | |
|---|---|
| March | Le Lion de St. Marc | Fabiani. |
| Overture | Italiana in Algieri | Rossini. |
| Quadrille | The Scarlet Feather | Coote. |
| Selection | La Poupee | Audran. |
| Valse | Des Bruces | L. Ganne. |
| Piece | The Merry Postillion | Langey. |

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

RELIEF FUND FOR POOR PARSIS OF DAMAUN.—At the uthumna ceremony on Saturday, at the Agiary, in Lower Damaun, of a Parsi female who died on the 7th instant, one of the gentlemen assembled there brought to the notice of the Anjuman the destitute condition of a few Parsis who were deserving of support from their co-religionists. The assembly approved of the suggestion of the speaker and then and there a subscription list was opened and small sums were subscribed by persons present. Rs. 25 being subscribed from the Anjuman's fund, and it was resolved that aid should be requested from wealthy Zoroastrians of Bombay and other places. Mr. Pallonji Dhunjibhoy, the manager of the Damaun Anjuman, will thankfully receive and acknowledge any help sent to him for the poor Parsis of Damaun.

PENALTY FOR FURIOUS DRIVING.—Before Mr. W. Webb, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Rama Kamalia, a Municipal cart-driver, was charged with driving his cart in a rash and negligent manner, and thereby causing hurt to a Hindu lad, named Bhima Abba. It appears that, on Saturday afternoon, the accused was driving his cart along Arthur Road in a furious manner, when one of the bullocks knocked the lad down and the off wheel passed grazing the boy's head. The lad received a wound about three inches long on the head and was removed to the J. J. Hospital, where he was attended to. The accused, in his defence said, that the bullocks were new and restive and hence the accident. The magistrate fined the accused Rs. 20, or in default ordered him to suffer fourteen days' rigorous imprisonment. Out of the fine, if paid, Rs. 10 were ordered to be paid to the injured lad as compensation.

CHEATING AND MISREPRESENTATION.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. Mahomed Ali Jinnah, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case, in which Nursey Pitambar, Nama Shiva Ghati and Mahadu Dharma were charged with cheating one Sheikh Alli Ameen and inducing him to deliver 3,975 cocoanuts. Mr. Colah, barrister-at-law, prosecuted; while Mr. Shapurji B. Spencer, pleader, defended the accused. It appeared from the evidence that the complainant was tindal of the patehmar "Daria Daulat," which was chartered by Haji Ismail Cassum to fetch 43,000 cocoanuts from the port of Panani. It was ordered by the owner of the goods that delivery of 3,975 cocoanuts should be given to Tricumdas Govindram. Accused represented themselves as Tricumdas's men and obtained the delivery. The defence denied the delivery of the cocoanuts and said it was a false charge. The accused were sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment each.

ASSAULTING A CHINAMAN.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. Mahomed Ali Jinnah, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Mr. T. Ruttei and Mr. A. Allen, second and third officers of the s. s. Colisity, appeared in answer to a summons charging them with assaulting Chuksbaw Saukcauw, a Chinese seaman on board the steamer. The complainant stated in his evidence that on the evening of the 22nd ultimo, the second officer ordered him to clear the deck, but he having refused to do so the first accused gave him a blow on the eye, and the second kicked him. The first accused pleaded guilty and said that the complainant struck him first. The second accused denied the assault. He stated that he struck the witness, whom he saw kicking the first accused, who was down and being struck by four other Chinamen. The Captain of the steamer said there were 25 Chinamen on board and only eight Europeans. The Chinese crew often got out of hand, and it was necessary to maintain discipline with a strong hand. The magistrate remarked that the accused were not justified in assaulting the complainant. The accused were fined Rs. 10 each.

DAMAUN NEWS.—On Sunday there were seven deaths at Lower Damaun, all of them happening in Kathiria, whereof one only was from cholera, five from starvation and one from small-pox.—On Saturday last his Excellency the Governor, Lieutenant Nuno Campos, was interviewed on behalf of a generous individual willing to arrange to bring a qualified medical gentleman from Bombay to practise in Damaun and to give free attendance and medicine to poor people, provided no objection on behalf of Government to Goa Medical Board was raised to his practising. His Excellency after a long discussion promised to communicate the matter to his Excellency the Governor-General of Portuguese-India and remarked that there was greater need of some generous person or persons supplying food to the poor who were daily dying from starvation and of taking charge of infants left utterly helpless by the death of their parents.—Some respectable and kind citizens have applied to Rev. Dr. Hume and Rev. Mr. Frease respectively, the president and secretary of the committee of the American relief to the sufferers from famine in India, for aid to alleviate the miseries of the famine sufferers in Damaun and Nagar Haveli districts and sanguinely trust that the reverend gentlemen will, on being satisfied of the unparalled distress of the people, by personal observation or reference to the highest Portuguese functionary, afford substantial help in the cause of humanity.—After the death of Dr. Antonio Fernandes his numerous patients requested Dr. Claudino da Cunha L.R.C.P. (Edinburgh) who had discontinued practising since the death of his mother and brother in April, 1899, and was about to obtain employment in British service, to resume practising, whereupon he has opened his dispensary on the main road in Lower Damaun, where he has been treating patients since the 7th instant.

THE LATE MR. P. M. TALATI.—The late Mr. Pestonji Merwanji Talati, who died at Marine Lines on Monday last, was the eldest member of the well-known Talati family, who originally hailed from Surat. It was Mr. Pestonji's son-in-law, the late Mr. Sorabje N. Talati, who brought fame to the family and attained for himself a position of great respectability in the Parsee community. Mr. Sorabji extended his trade with China and amassed a large fortune, a good portion of which he gave away in charity. By a special arrangement with the trustees of the Udwada fire-temple, the executors of the late Mr. Sorabji are allowed to offer a "machee" in the afternoon—an honoured privilege which is greatly valued and envied in the Parsee community. Mr. Maneckji, the only son of Mr. Pestonji, became a partner in the firm of Mr. Sorabji of which was carried on in Hong Kong in the name and Mr. Nowrojee, sons of the late Mr. Sorabjee, who was the first China merchant of note and from whom Messrs. Dinshaw and Naoroji, who is a Justice of the Peace, inherited the lucrative trade. The charities of the family are large, discriminating and catholic. Mr. Pestonji was a trustee and also chairman of several charity funds in Surat, but he had to resign these positions two years back owing to old age and infirmity. He leaves behind him an only son and three daughters. His son, Mr. Maneckji, left for China a few months back, and now is at Shanghai, in charge of the well-known firm of Messrs. Talati and Co., which is managed in Bombay by Messrs. Dinshaw and Naoroji, who are known to be shrewd men of business and much respected in mercantile circles and the Parsee community. The name of Mr. Naoroji, like that of his father, is becoming a household word in many Parsee houses by reason of his large-hearted charities.

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## SIMLA HORSE AND DOG SHOW.

THE annual horse and dog show was held at Annandale, Simla, on Saturday and was a great success, the entries being numerous and the competition keen. The Knights of the Order of the Black Heart entertained a large number of guests at luncheon in the Annandale Gardens, Lady Curzon being present. The jumping competition for horses and ponies was watched with much interest and also the judging of the ladies' hacks. Lady Curzon presented the prizes, which were very handsome. Great credit is due to Major Colin Campbell, Honorary Secretary of the show and the members of the Committee for the arrangements which were admirable. The following is the prize list:—

The Viceroy's Cup for the best horse in the show, Captain Vincent's thoroughbred waler gelding Beauty.

Best pony in the show—H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's Arab Fresco.

Best dog in the show—General Pretum Singh's spaniel Rover.

Class I—Chargers.—Captain Rawlins b w g Nugget, 2nd.

Class II—Ladies' hacks over 14 hands. Captain Vincent's Beauty, 1st; Mrs. Kuper's ch w g Rover, 2nd.

Class III—Ladies' hacks, 14 hands and under. Captain Vincent's b c h Chico, 1st; Mrs. Hawkin's b c b m Mangosteen, 2nd.

Class IV.—Countrybred horses, over 14 hands.—Captain Barrow's Bobs, 1st; Mr. Sykes Stella, 2nd.

Class V.—Countrybred ponies, 14 hands and under.—Major Wright's Turquoise, 1st; Mrs. Smith's Cuba II, 2nd.

Class VI.—Arabs over 14 hands—General Elliot's horse, 1st; H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's Sheikh, 2nd.

Class VII.—Arabs 14 hands and under.—H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's Fresco, 1st; Surgeon-General Taylor's Imposter, 2nd; General Elliot's Don Perosi, 3rd.

Class VIII.—English and Australian horses over 14-2—Captain Vincent's Beauty, 1st; H. E. the Viceroy's Bellona, 2nd.

Class IX.—English and Australian horses 14 hand and under.—H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's Dustpan, 1st; Mr. Harbottle's Murndal, 2nd.

Class X.—English and Australian horses 14-2 and under.—Mrs. Kuper's Rover, 1st; Colonel Queripel's Billy and Major Baring's Madrassi, 2nd.

Classes XI. and XII. did not fill.

Class XIII.—Polo ponies.—H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's Matchbox, Major and Nawab, 1st and 2nd and 3rd respectively.

Class XIV.—Polo ponies (special)—Captain Campbell's Hazy Dream, 1st; Captain Grimston's Rajput, 2nd; Captain Wilkinson's Hizaz, 3rd.

Jumping Competition (horses).—H. E. the Viceroy's Luxury, 1st; General Pretum Singh's Black Knight, 2nd.

Jumping Competition (ponies).—Mrs. Hawkin's Mangosteen and Lassie, 1st and 2nd.

DOGS.

Class I.—Kour Sahib of Patiala's greyhound, 1st; Miss Lucy Dale's Kangaroo hound, 2nd.

Class II.—Colonel Ravenshaw's fox-terrier, 1st; Captain Williams' bull-terrier, 2nd.

Class III.—Miss Kuper's Aberdeen terrier, 1st; Captain Jackson's rough-haired terrier, 2nd.

Class IV.—Rev. H. Bushe's smooth-haired fox-terrier, 1st; Colonel Kuper's rough-haired terrier, 2nd.

Class V.—General Pretum Singh's spaniel Rover, 1st; General Hobday's Labrador terrier, 2nd.

Class VI.—Mrs. Wingrove's Collie, 1st; Surgeon-General Taylor's Swat Valley sheepdog, 2nd.

Class VII.—H. H. the Raja of Jhind's poodle, 1st; Miss Wheler's poodle, 2nd.

Class VIII.—Colonel Ravenshaw's pug, 1st; H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's lapdog, 2nd.

Class IX.—Mrs. Jones's dachshund, 1st; Mr. Hewett's dachshund Peter, 2nd.

Soldiers' Dogs.—Gunner Sweeny's spaniel, 1st.

Best litter of pups.—Rev. H. Bushe's litter of foxterriers.

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## PLAGUE PRECAUTIONS AT MARSEILLES.

TIME WASTED ON A FARCE.

THE Paris correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette* in a telegram, dated May 11th, says:—With the plague at Port Said, it is of capital importance not only to France, but also to the whole of Europe, that efficient sanitary precautions should be taken at Marseilles to prevent the propagation of the scourge by homeward-bound vessels. A most interesting but far from reassuring letter on this subject appears in the *Debats*. The writer, M. Eugene Duchemin, has just returned from the Far East on the *Armand-Behic*. He relates his personal experiences at Marseilles and if they are to be taken as showing what habitually goes on there, it is evident that the sanitary cordon at the Mediterranean port is a snare and a delusion.

The captain of the "Armand-Behic" was informed at Port Said that the sanitary officials would expect on boarding his vessel at Marseilles to find the passengers and their cabin luggage ready on deck to be examined. All dirty linen was to be placed on one side with a view to its being fumigated. On the arrival of the ship at Marseilles the "Sante" duly came on board, but in the guise of only one doctor. On this official alone and unaided devolved the duty of examining the passengers and crew, five hundred persons in all. The examination was of the most perfunctory description imaginable. It amounted indeed to nothing more than a rollcall. The fumigation of the dirty linen was also a mere pretence, the bundles of linen being left near the apparatus for scarcely more than a minute whereas some ten minutes are necessary to destroy the possible germs of infection.

"A strong impression," says M. Duchemin, "was left on everybody on board that our time had been wasted in the accomplishment of rediculous formalities, to which the sanitary authorities themselves did not appear to attach the least importance. The pretence of an examination to which we had been subjected could serve no further purpose than to give a semblance of satisfaction to public opinion."

The possibility, or rather the likelihood, of a contaminated passenger passing unnoticed was not, however, the only danger observed by M. Duchemin. The bedding of many of the steerage passengers was so indescribably filthy that the sanitary doctor ordered its destruction. It ought, of course, to have been burned, but instead it was thrown into the sea, where it was promptly pounced upon by persons waiting around in boats in expectation of a haul on which they count as a regular thing on the arrival of a passenger steamer. The fishermen find a market for their treasure-trove among the poor of Marseilles, so that should the bedding be infected it would infallibly spread the plague. M. Duchemin makes the suggestion that French sanitary officials ought to await vessels bound for Marseilles at Messina. The officials would go on board at the latter port and proceed with the vessel to Marseilles. They would thus have at least an entire day in which to examine thoroughly the passengers and crew, their luggage and effects, while on the ships accorded a clean bill of health the tedious waiting in harbour would be avoided. But in any case the state of things revealed by M. Duchemin is as unsatisfactory as possible, and it is the imperative duty of the French authorities to see that the sanitary arrangements at Marseilles are rendered as effective as extreme care can make them.

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## THE FUTURE OF THE BENGAL PORT TRUST.

SOME interesting correspondence has been published by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce between that body and the Bengal Government regarding the future administration of the Port Trust. On the representation of the Calcutta Baled Jute Association the Chamber represented to the Bengal Government the advisability of appointing a commission to draw up a scheme for the more efficient and economical working of the Port Trust. Sir J. Woodburn in reply assents to the appointment of a commission, and will be glad to receive from the Chamber the nominations they desire to make to it. Sir J. Woodburn at the same time takes the opportunity to remind the Chamber that the grounds upon which a Commission is asked for, while no doubt sound and business-like, were such as he could not pass over without remark. The complaint that, while the jetties paid, the Kidderpore Docks did not is a matter of common knowledge. The docks were asked for by the commercial community, and why they did not pay was because merchants held aloof at first from using them. The Committee originally appointed to examine the question of the docks consisted mainly of Calcutta merchants, while the Port Commissioners are carefully selected representatives of the leading commercial bodies of the Port. It is scarcely correct to charge these gentlemen with consistently neglecting their duties, in which they have so vital an interest. His Honour is willing to give the Chamber every help in the matter of the Commission.

At a meeting of the new Committee of the Indian Tea Association the question of contributing tea for the use of field hospitals in South Africa was discussed. The Assam planters has decided to send 2,000 lbs. of tea, and the Government of India has been asked if some arrangement could be made to admit it into South Africa free of import duty.

The question of the possibility of introducing Indian tea into Kashgaria via the Gilgit-Chitral route was discussed. The Committees of the Kangra Tea Association and Dehra Dun Planters' Association has been asked for further information on the subject before approaching the Government of India as to the possibilities of the new route.

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## THE WEATHER.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

SIMLA, MAY 22.

TUESDAY'S observations:—The chief feature of the weather to-day is cyclonic storm, which began to form in the bay three days ago. It has developed considerably and is now of considerable intensity. The storm centre crossed the coast near Puri this morning, probably about 6 a.m. and is marching along the west north-west track. The storm has given heavy rain in coast districts north-

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Commission on Horses Bought or Sold ..... 17
Examination and Certificate ..... 10
Verbal opinion as to Soundness ..... 5

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# COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 12.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols .....£101 1-2—1-16
3 per cent Rentes .....£101 1-4 unchanged.
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan.....£109 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Govt. Securities....£63 7-8 "
Bar Silver in London .....27 5-8 "
Do in New York.....60 1-4 "
Exchange on London at Paris,....25'15 1-2—1-2
Do on New York.....4'87 3-8—1-8
Discount Bank of England, 3 1-2 per cent.
Do Short London Bills, 2 5-8 per cent.—1-8
Do Indian Bank Bills, 2 7-8 per cent.—1-8

EXCHANGE—On opening this morning after yesterday's holiday the market was steady with rates quite unchanged and almost nothing doing.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bank Telegraphic, ready and forward ... | | 1s. 3 31-32d. |
| Bank Demand | do ..... | 1s. 4d. |
| 3 Months' Sight Credits | do ..... | 1s. 4 3-16d. |
| 3 do Francs | do ..... | 1'70 |
| Shanghai, 30 days' sight ..... | | Rs. 195 1-2. |
| Hongkong do ..... | | Rs. 143 1-2. |
| Japan do ..... | | Rs. 148 1-2. |

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—The market opened at Rs. 95-10 per ready and improved 1-16th per cent. on its becoming known that the Bank of Bombay Cash Balance was up to 10 lacs during the day however the rate fell to Rs. 95-9, with little business doing.

STOCKS AND SHARES.—The market is very quiet with but little business passing.

MONEY.—The Bank of Bombay return for the week ending on Saturday shows the following changes :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Public Deposits at the Head Office ... | Dec. | 4,46,040 |
| Do. " Branches ..... | Inc. | 306,496 |
| Other " ..... | Inc. | 252,624 |
| Government Securities ..... | Inc. | 23,466 |
| Other authorised ..... | Dec. | 6,912 |
| Loans ..... | Dec. | 426,371 |
| Bills Discounted and purchased..... | Dec. | 605,429 |
| Balances with other Banks..... | Inc. | 96,106 |
| Cash ..... | Inc. | 10,05,480 |

FREIGHTS AND COALS.—In both markets we have again nothing to report to-day and in the meantime no replies have been received by the tenderers for the B. B. and C. I. Railway contract.

WHEAT.—There is nothing doing excepting by consumers and speculators the rate for White Delhi, June-July, being Rs. 5-4-6, while for August-September it is 2 annas higher at Rs. 5-6-6.

SEEDS.—GINGELLY.—The market is steady with some demand for Export.

CASTORSEED is firm with buyers at Rs. 38-8 and sellers inclined to ask Rs. 39.

LINSEED.—The market is quiet but steady with sellers of bold at Rs. 9-15—and buyers at one anna less, say Rs. 9-14. Small grain is quoted at Rs. 9-13 to Rs. 9-14

RAPESEED.—The market is quiet and Brown Cawnpore is named Rs. 7-0 to Rs. 7-11 and Rs 7-15 for Yellow.

POPPYSEED is steady at 8-12.

London quotes :—

Yellow Cawnpore Rapeseed..... .. 45s. 6d.
May-June, Antwerp, sellers flat.
Brown Rapeseed ..... 42s
May-June, Hamburg, sellers flat.
Linseed, 56s. 6d., June-July, Dunkirk, sellers flat.

COTTON.—The mardet is quiet with little change in rates. Shippers bought a little fine guaranteed Bengals at Rs. 104, and nothing else the mills doing almost nothing.

Bengal Fine ready Rs. 195,
" F. G. " Rs. 185. Jan. 1901 Rs. 172.
Broach Fine " Rs. 220. March Rs 200.
" Good " Rs. 215.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet. Surats quiet, Manchester was quiet. Total sales, 7,000 bales. Sold on speculation and for exports 500 bales. Imports 17,000 bales. Surats nil, Spot 5d. plus 3-32. Arrivals closed quiet, Egyptain Fair Brown 6 11-16d.

Mid.-Uplands in Liverpool—

| June | June-July | Sep.-Oct. | Dec.-Jan. | Mar.- Apr. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4·56 | 4·54 | 4·28 | 4·11 | unchanged. |

Cotton in New York—

| | |
|---|---|
| Receipts at the Ports ..... | 3,000 bales |
| Exports to Great Britain ..... | 2,000 " |
| Do to Continent ..... | nil. |
| Mid-Uplands ..... | 9 unchanged. |
| Futures, month of August..... | 8·25—12 |
| Do. do of December..... | 7·50—7 |

We append our weekly comparative statement of the American crop figures which gives the following comparisons with the two previous seasons :—

| | 1900 | 1899 | 1898 |
|---|---|---|---|
| Week's receipts at U. S. Ports.. | 16,000 | 48,000 | 31,000 |
| Do exports to Great B..... | 8,000 | 25,000 | 21,000 |
| Do do to Continent ..... | 31,000 | 26,000 | 44,000 |
| Total receipts since 1st Sept.... | 6,312,000 | 8,264,000 | 8,401,000 |
| Do. exports to U. K. do ... | 2,142,000 | 3,370,000 | 3,351,000 |
| Do. do to Continent do ... | 3,260,000 | 3,330,000 | 3,675,000 |
| Do. stock U. S. Ports..... | 290,000 | 645,000 | 3,36,000 |

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 1st instant affords the following comparisons with the two previous seasons :—

| | 1900 | 1899 | 1898 |
|---|---|---|---|
| Total visible supply of all kinds | 1,920,000 | 3,565,360 | 2,240,660 |
| Do. " " of Surats .. | 70,000 | 201,070 | 180,770 |

For the United Kingdom only the figures are :—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Stock in Liverpool ..... | 511,000 | 1,403,000 | 1,151,360 |
| Do. London ..... | 3,000 | 6,000 | 3,000 |
| American Afloat ..... | 40,000 | 49,400 | 92,600 |
| East Indian .. ..... | 3,000 | 3,000 | 7,000 |
| Total... | 595,000 | 14,67,400 | 1,254,460 |
| Price of Mid.-Americans..... | 4 29-32d. | 3 13-32d. | 3 9-16 |
| Do. Good Bhowaugger ..... | 4 12-32d. | 2 25-32d. | 3 1-32 |
| Difference... | 17-32d. | 20-32d | 17-32 |

Receipts of Cotton into Bombay on Saturday :—

| | Bales of 392 lbs. |
|---|---|
| Khandeish ..... | 256 |
| Berar ..... | 119 |
| Total Oomras.... | 175 |
| Compta and Dharwar..... | 270 |
| Westerns ..... | 61 |
| Total... | 706 |

Summary of daily arrivals of produce into Bombay on Saturday :—

| | Cwts. |
|---|---|
| Wheat ... ... ... ... | 23,382 |
| Linseed ... ... ... ... | 4,414 |
| Rapeseed ... ... ... ... | 2,705 |
| Gingellyseed ... ... ... ... | 302 |
| Poppyseed ... ... ... ... | 3,586 |
| Castorseed ... ... ... ... | 1,358 |
| Rice ... ... ... ... | 52,959 |
| Myrabolams ... ... ... ... | 164 |

## BANK OF BOMBAY.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending 9th June, as compared with the statement of 2nd June :—

| LIABILITIES. | June 2. Rs. | June 9. Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Capital ..... | 100,00,000 | 100,00,000 |
| Reserve Fund ..... | 70,00,000 | 70,00,000 |
| Special Reserve Fund ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Public Deposits at Head Office ... | 55,36,681 | 59,99,671 |
| Do. do. at Branches ..... | 25,34,159 | 28,40,655 |
| Other Deposits ..... | 97,65,149 | 100,17,773 |
| Post Bills ..... | 8,102 | 7,852 |
| Credits, undrawn ..... | 20,02,027 | 24,52,574 |
| Rs... | 668,46,118 | 674,09,525 |
| ASSETS. | | |
| Government Securities..... | 74 07,007 | 74,30,473 |
| Other authorised Securities ..... | 22,08,124 | 22,01,212 |
| Credits, on Govt and other authorised Securities..... | 103,92,681 | 107,70,208 |
| Loans do, do. | 176,75,878 | 172,49,00 |
| Bills Discounted and purchased .... | 148,55,565 | 143,50,136 |
| Dead Stock ..... | 1,23,976 | 1,23,976 |
| Stamps and Stationery ..... | 27,566 | 27,606 |
| Bullion ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Balances with other Banks ..... | 4,33,209 | 5,22,315 |
| Cash ..... | 134,29,112 | 144,34,592 |
| Rs... | 668,46,118 | 674,09,525 |

## BANK OF MADRAS.

Statement of the affairs of the Bank of Madras for the week ending 2nd June, 1900 :—

| LIABILITIES. | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Capital paid-up ..... | 60,00,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Reserve Fund ..... | 24,00,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Pub Dep at Hd Office Rs. 20,61,634-12-8 } Pub Dep at Branches Rs. 13,39,471-9-6 } | 34,01,156 | 6 | 2 |
| Other Dep at Head Office and Branches... | 256,73,998 | 12 | 10 |
| Bank Post Bills, etc. ..... | 20,338 | 13 | 0 |
| Sundries ..... | 6,46,641 | 3 | 3 |
| Total..... | 381,42,135 | 3 | 3 |
| ASSETS. | | | |
| Government Securities..... | 68,58,324 | 12 | 0 |
| Other authorised Investments ..... | 6,56,666 | 6 | 0 |
| Loans on Government and other authorised Securities ..... | 59,31,182 | 15 | 7 |
| Accounts of credit on Government and other authorised Securities..... | 59,91,976 | 13 | 10 |
| Bills discounted and purchased ..... | 68,73,106 | 2 | 6 |
| Balances with other Banks ..... | 10,1,725 | 6 | 10 |
| Bullion ..... | 2,002 | 3 | 4 |
| Dead Stock ..... | 9,81,659 | 10 | 0 |
| Stamps..... | 10,906 | 1 | 4 |
| Sundries ..... | 1,61,477 | 13 | 0 |
| | 284,89,023 | 4 | 5 |
| Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office and Branches ..... | 96,53,106 | 14 | 10 |
| Total ...Rs. | 381,42,135 | 3 | 3 |

# DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

TALATI—The Cothamna (third day's) ceremony in connection with the death of the late Mr Pestonji Merwanji Talati, takes place this afternoon, at the New Zoroastrian Fire-tempe, Dhobi Talao.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGE.

CAMMIADE—HAYES—June 5, at Purneah, at St Peter's Church, by the Rev Father S Knockeart, Florence Gertrude, second daughter of George Sullivan Hayes, to Paul Eugene Cammiade, I C S.


# The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1900.


OUR old friend, Sir John Scott, compared English Criminal Procedure with the Indian Code in a paper read before the Society of Arts. As might be expected, that experienced ex-Judge of the Bombay High Court, with a wide knowledge of codes and of English law which dispenses with that development of civilisation, gives the palm to the Indian system. In Egypt, Sir John had abundant opportunity of observing the operation, and of himself administering for several years the Code Napoleon which has been adopted in that country. It so happens that the Indian Code, prepared by men of exceptional capacity and endowed with original views, was a distinct advance on the Code Napoleon. The future Lord Macaulay, Sir Fitzjames Stephen, and their collaborators drew freely on existing codes, and unquestionably they were largely indebted to the French. They carefully avoided the vexatious minutiæ, and tempered the despotism inherent in the Code Napoleon, by the regard for the rights of individuals which is the note of English law. In Egypt, as in France, three judges preside in each court. As one of them does the work, and the other two simply look on, it is a waste of power which is obviated in India by the English system of one judge to each court, excepting Courts of Appeal. Sir John Scott is fully impressed with the value and importance of having the law of a country codified, as in India. The Indian courts are of recent and, of course, of English origin. The village system has been retained which makes the headman a judge or magistrate in matters of little moment. He has power to inflict a fine or to imprison for twenty-four hours. Above that level, justice is administered by a graded and paid magistracy. In England, the Justices of the Peace constitute the Great Unpaid. In India a grateful Government pays the administrators of justice, though a tendency to revert to English practice in this respect may be discerned in the appointment of honorary magistrates to enable native gentlemen to fill up their spare time agreeably, while helping the State to maintain order and enforce the law.

There is more system and uniformity in India in the organisation of courts of justice than in England, with the Courts of Sessions, the Central Criminal Court, the Assizes, and the higher courts. Sir John Scott claims for the Indian procedure that it goes further than that of England in making provision for the prevention of crime. In a trial in the country, the court may, at any stage, put such questions as it may consider necessary, and at the close of the trial the accused is permitted to explain the circumstances which appear to be against him. In France the Judge is, to all intents and purposes, counsel for the prosecution, and cross-examines the prisoner on the assumption that he is, beyond all question, guilty of the crime with which he is charged. In India, as in England, the presumption is always in favour of the prisoner until his guilt has been proved and declared. The recent innovation in England gives the accused the right of appearing as a witness on oath on his own behalf. He is then subjected to cross-examination by the prosecuting counsel like any other witness for the defence. We have not yet got to this point in India. The present system works satisfactorily, and nothing could be gained by altering it. It will be news to the present generation that until the year 1864, the grand jury system prevailed throughout India, as it does to-day in England. As no man is committed for trial until a prima facie case has been made out against him before a magistrate, the true Bill of the grand jury is superfluous and might well be dispensed with. The jury system is by no means universal throughout India, owing to the difficulty of getting satisfactory jurors outside the Presidency and other large towns. Sir John appears to favour the limitation of the number of the jury to nine, as in this country, the verdict of six being accepted as final when it is approved by the judge. In India again, we have a decided advantage over England in the fact that in every criminal proceeding of a definitive character, an appeal is allowed. In England, an appeal, except to the Home Secretary is impossible. Another guarantee against injustice is the system of supervision exercised by higher magistrates over the subordinate courts, while the High Court supervises all others. Every tribunal is subject to the revisional powers of the High Court which can quash judgments, and reduce or enhance sentences. A case has been known in which a man who was sentenced to a long term of imprisonment, appealed. The court, having gone over the evidence, sentenced the prisoner to be hanged. The Government can and constantly does appeal in cases of acquittal against the weight of evidence. The lecturer is satisfied that throughout the whole of India all classes recognise that the courts of law administer substantial justice.

Mr. Justice Jeune, who presided at the Society of Arts, paid Sir John Scott the well-deserved compliment of observing that he had brought a clear and acute mind to the study of questions which lay at the foundation of judicial systems. As might have been expected the accomplished President of the Probate and Divorce Court owned to serious doubts as to several of the matters which Sir John proved. He believes in grand juries, and does not wish to see them abolished. For the common juries of twelve and their unanimous verdict, Sir F. Jeune has great respect, they are extremely convenient. Sir Frederick Pollock held up the law and procedure of Scotland as an example, being more systematic and more advanced than English procedure. As Scottish law is based on the Roman Codes, that is what might be expected. Not only Scotland, but India also, might, perhaps, profit by a study of the recently remodelled Italian code, which is unquestionably the most advanced of all. Sir Courtenay Ilbert, though an advocate of codification, holds that it must be applied within certain limits. No English-speaking country, with few exceptions, has codified the civil law. The criminal law has been codified in Canada, in Victoria and in Queensland. In this respect, some of the colonies, like India, are in advance of the mother-country. In Lower Canada, where the French element prevails, the civil law is codified. A native pleader shrewdly observed that the Code is necessary in India, where only a small proportion of the magistrates are trained lawyers, an argument which would have equal force in England where the Great Unpaid are, for the most part, quite innocent of law. This Indian gentleman, whose name has been withheld in the published report, testified that the natives of India regard the High Court as the palladium of their liberties and obtained the applause of those present, when he emphatically stated that the people of this country are absolutely satisfied with the manner in which justice is administered. However that may be, there is no question that India in her codes and their application has advantages which are denied to England. The codification of the criminal law of the United Kingdom was effected by men of the highest competence many years ago. No Government has ventured to ask Parliament to sanction such an innovation. Powerful interests are opposed to any change.

WHEN news ceases to come from Lord Roberts of his successes we have wires of the mistakes or misfortunes of his lieutenants. General Buller and Lord Methuen again come to notice. On Saturday came news that the former had rendered the position at Laing's Nek untenable, had outflanked the enemy and drove them out of a very strong position. Then we hear that instead of taking a leaf out of his chief's book and hammering away at them until he forces them into an unconditional surrender, he grants them three days' armistice. To consult with the burghers as to the desirability of surrendering, they say. The burghers presumably told them they were isolated and they had better trek until they got in touch with other commandoes. For that is what they did. While General Buller is patiently waiting for the birds to go into his trap, they spent the time in preening their wings for flight to loftier heights. And at the end of three days they "curtly refused to surrender." It is not quite clear how General Buller came to apply the term "curtly" to a reply which was three days in coming. But when he next looked for his quarry it was twenty-six miles away. They are fighting a rear-guard action and will continue to do so until they join hands with their compatriots at Middleburg or Lydenburg. Lord Methuen has also been heard of. But the messages are so vague that it is impossible to discover exactly what he has been engaged in. However this much is clear that the militia battalion of the Derbyshire Regiment has been lost. Seventeen of his officers and men were killed; seventy-six wounded, "the remainder being made prisoners." The remainder means probably between six and seven hundred men. Yet we are told "no explanation is given," and "the despatch leaves everything unexplained." Again we shall hear the expression of regrets that General Gatacre returned home alone. Boers are surrendering in numbers in other parts of the country. But they are treated as free men, not as prisoners. The enemy has successfully turned its attention to the line of communication and General Forestier-Walker is likely to find his post no sinecure. The railway between Roodeval and America stations has been almost completely destroyed and a reference to the map will show that that it is a distance of twenty miles. The enemy is now in three columns half-way between the two stations and twenty miles further down towards Kroonstad the telegraph wires have been cut. Thus they have cut off supplies by the most direct route from the south. Lord Methuen evidently fell in with these commandos between Kroonstad and Heilbron. It is impossible to conjecture in what manner he lost a whole battalion.

*"IT matters not who rules, Rama or Ravana," says the Indian proverbial philosophy. And that may be taken as the text of a suggestive article in the "Madras Review" on the subject of "The Boer and the Hindu." The point that the writer makes is that European civilisation produces two evil things, patriotism and national sentiment, and that to them the present deplorable war is due. In this the author is, of course, simply in accord with some of the most revolutionary thinkers in Europe. Count Tolstoy attributes the national calamities under which European countries have suffered to that "gross imposture called patriotism." And the Hindu magazine writer seems to suggest that the Boers should have adopted the policy of non-resistance, though, differing from Tolstoy, he contends that their readiness to fight for independence is the natural result of Christian *cum* European progress. Having taken the course that was natural to them they have suffered the natural consequences of opposing the stronger power and as a conquered people they must abide by the result. They have, we are reminded, no manner of claim for equal rights with the men of British race in South Africa, and this leads up to a comparison with the position of the Indian peoples. In the proper sense of the term, says the reviewer, there has been no conquest of India. Used in another sense the same thing has been said of Ireland, but while the Hibernian patriot takes that to himself as a proud boast the Hindu regards it to his credit that he has accepted British rule as a good thing in itself. He has reason, too, for the people had never enjoyed so beneficent and paternal a rule for two thousand years. The explanation, however, of the easy acceptance of an alien dominion is that India is not a nation. Alone among the communities of the world the people of India have no racial and no national feeling as those sentiments are understood to the Western mind. The part that in other lands is taken by the idea of national liberty is here in India occupied by the religion of the people. Therefore, it matters not who rules, so that peace and freedom from oppression are secured. With these things guaranteed to the country it is not a matter for wonder that the philosophic Hindu is intensely loyal to British rule. All that he asks for, in the opinion of the writer, is opportunity to show himself worthy of citizenship of the Empire.

THE natives' love of litigation has given way before the stress of famine. In the Central Provinces the most striking feature of the civil litigation last year was the big falling off in the number of suits. It is noteworthy that the decrease began in 1897, when famine declared itself in these Provinces, but in no year since 1871 have so few civil actions been instituted as last year. There were other causes, however, besides widespread agricultural distress, which helped to reduce the work of the Civil Courts. In Saugor and Damoh, it is pleasing to observe, Boards of Conciliation were appointed with a view to the extinction of debts owing by cultivators. The work of these friendly courts had the satisfactory result of a great number of claims being abandoned. The year, too, was considered unlucky by the Hindus and that may have had something to do with the extraordinary decline of litigation. In regard to suits under the rent law the condition as to suspension and remission of rents on which similar concessions in the matter of land revenue had been made to landlords, kept down the number of suits for rent arrears. The new Tenancy Act gives to revenue officers powers to reinstate tenants and to that the reduction of ejectment suits is said to be due. The severity of the present times of stress is felt by the landlord as well as the tenant, and to that fact is, no doubt, due the fairly satisfactory relations between the two classes which are indicated by the landlords' general abstinence from litigation against the tenants. One cannot get blood from a stone neither can one extract rent from a starving ryot, and the land-owners seem to have fairly recognised the fact. No more convincing proof of the extreme gravity of the situation in the famine districts could possibly be forthcoming.

JAPAN has been rapidly coming to the front among the nations of the world during the past ten years, and the development of her own resources is rendering her less dependent upon Western countries. A short time ago the Japanese Government sanctioned the erection of steelworks at Yawatamura, and it is probable that during the summer iron and steel will be worked in that country. Not only will this industrial enterprise be of immense value to Japan as a nation, but she will ultimately become a competitor in China and other Eastern markets. The president of the works is a Mr. Wada, who has carefully inspected this industry as carried on in other countries, and he has had the new establishment in Japan erected on German lines, and that country has supplied the principal amount of the machinery at a cost of several millions of yen. The whole is estimated to absorb 14 or 15 millions of yen. In these works, which are fitted with every latest improvement, the Japanese Government will possess a powerful factor for bringing the country's industry to a new stage of development, and in future years there is little doubt but that much trade now with Western firms will be diverted to the Far East. The yearly output of the works is estimated to be in future about 35,000 tons of rails, 10,000 tons of Bessemer steel in bars, 25,000 tons in plates, 15,000 tons in shaped iron, and 5,000 tons in bars of Martin's steel, or altogether about 90,000 tons of steel per year.

FOLLOWING a year of scarcity it is natural to expect that the report on jail administration in the North-Western Provinces for 1899 should show a decrease. We find the jail population was nearly three thousand less, which is more or less due to a prosperous season. Greater attention was paid to discipline, and the maintenance of order has been improved. The favourite form of punishment of disobedient criminals is the application of fetters, and owing to the very large increase in the number of cases the Inspector-General is warned to be on the watch against a possibly excessive preference for this form of punishment. The most satisfactory feature in the report has reference to the manufacture of goods by prison labour, the average earning per convict shows an appreciable rise of Rs. 5-14 to Rs. 6-9. The percentage of population employed on manufactures is 41·52. There is Rs. 6,584 worth of goods at the Lucknow Central Prison, but the great difficulty is to find a suitable market for the goods. There appears to be also a jail depot at Lucknow where prison-made goods can be bought, and probably if the two were amalgamated it would be found that a greater amount of business could be done.

HEAVY rain fell in Bombay, yesterday morning, between four o'clock and daylight.

H. M. S. COSSACK, Captain W. H. Nicholson, will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. Paramatta, with the outward mails of the 1st instant, left Aden at 11 a.m. on Monday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay at noon on Saturday next.

THE list of business for the Legislative Council on the 22nd instant is not yet settled.

RISALDAR Major Hukam Singh, 16th Bengal Lancers, succeeds Risaldar-Major Bahandin Khan, as A-D-C. to the Viceroy.

HAVILDAR Gardit Singh, 45th Sikhs, has been awarded the MacGregor medal and a gratuity of Rs. 100 for intelligence work in Burma and Swat.

THE proposal to re-arm the Kurram Militia with the mark II Martini-Henry rifle in place of the Snider rifle with which the force is at present armed has been sanctioned.

THE goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 19th May 1900 shows a decrease on the corresponding week of 1899 of 357,847 maunds and Rs. 35,412 in the earnings.

MR. J. F. SNUGGS, the well-known shikari of the Central Provinces, died at Hurda on June 1st, from cholera. He was formerly connected with the G. I. P. Railway, but resigned his position in 1872.

As the cavalry duties at Kohat are very heavy, and as the water-supply at Parachinar during the summer may prove insufficient, the field troops of the 3rd Punjab Cavalry from Torawari has been sent to Kohat instead of to Parachinar.

THE total mortality in Calcutta on Friday was 77. There were 12 fresh cases of plague and 13 deaths. The total mortality on Saturday was 66, the quinquennial average being 49. There were 13 plague cases reported with 11 deaths.

SIGNALLING equipment, on the same scale as for a regiment of native infantry, will be issued to the newly organised corps of Samana Rifles, on the understanding that only men belonging to the districts within the British border are instructed.

BALANCES held in cash in the Civil Treasuries of the Government of India and at credit of the Government in the Presidency Banks and their Branches on the last day of May 1900 were :—In 1900, Rs. 12,80,65,000 ; 1899, Rs. 16,54,09,000 ; and 1897, Rs. 12,75,23,000.

THE Bombay High Court re-opened yesterday on the termination of the May vacation. Mr. Justice Tyebjee and Mr. Justice Russell presided in the two division courts on the Original Side. Mr. Justice Candy and Mr. Justice Ranade sat in one, and Mr. Justice Fulton and Mr. Justice Crowe in the other court on the Appellate Side.

A CURIOUS story got afloat at Simla on Friday night that a European boy aged about five had been carried off by a leopard on the northern slope of Jakko below Bothwell Cottage. Search was made for him without avail for several hours. He was eventually found on the top of Jakko stripped of his clothing. It was really a case of kidnapping—a most unusual occurrence in India.

VERY little more work on the Hyderabad-Godaveri Valley Railway remains to be done. The Northern Section Manmad to Sailu 154 1-4 miles, was opened in last December, and the Southern Section, from Secunderabad to Basar, 118 miles, last month. Two more sections—Sailu to Purbhani and Basar to Sivangaon—are now ready, and are expected to be opened this month.

AGAINST a decrease of 956 persons on famine relief in the British districts of the Punjab during the week ended the 5th instant, there was an increase of 2,974 in Native States. The totals for the week are 162,557 and 35,602. The number of relief workers in British districts was 103,538 and in Native States 24,019. Thus the percentage of dependents and other non-workers in receipt of relief is higher in the British districts than in the Native States.

HIS HIGHNESS "Awadth bin Omar" Alkayati Nawab Sultan Nawaz Jung, Jamadar of Shehr and Makala, left Bombay yesterday afternoon for Aden, by the Bombay Persian Steam Navigation Company's steamer Mostavi. The departure was public. A guard-of-honour of 50 rank and file, belonging to the 21st Regiment, Bombay Infantry, was drawn up at the Prince's Dock in review order under the command of a native officer and presented arms as his Highness embarked on board the vessel. A salute of twelve guns was fired from the saluting battery to announce the departure of his Highness.

THE Irrawaddy of Burma, like the Indus at Dehra Ghazi Khan, is, according to a Rangoon paper, gradually approaching a period when it will be a terrible danger to the country. The mud swept down by the river to the plains from the hills has constantly been spreading itself over the river bed, so that the bed has been rising year by year. This has necessitated a constant construction of embankments, continually growing higher and higher. Before very long the river bed will be higher than the surrounding country, in which case and breach of the embankment would mean widespread disaster.

THE Queen had originally decided to allow the usual State entertainments to be given at Buckingham Palace this season, in the interests of trade; but this arrangements has been changed (says the World) and there will be no Court balls unless there should be another alteration of plan, which might be expected in the event of a speedy termination of the war. There will be two State concerts at Buckingham Palace—one during the last week of June, and another about the middle of July.

THE Prince of Wales will not, it is now stated, go to the Exhibition. The Prefect of Police will (says the Paris correspondent of the "Daily News") be glad of this decision. Not that the Prince has lost popularity, but the philo-Boer Press in Paris has been going so strongly in favour of the acquittal of Sipido that some crank might feel encouraged to imitate the Brussels attempt. In these Exhibition times, when tens of thousands pour into Paris, it is impossible for the police to keep a close eye on strangers.

THE important work of demolishing Highgate Archway and setting up a broad and handsome new viaduct will not be fully completed probably till about next August. There has been some little difficulty and delay in acquiring land for widening the lower road, and the retaining walls at the foot of the slopes on either side are therefore only just commenced. But the new road above is now complete all but a little paving, and within about three weeks it will be ready for traffic, and will no doubt be thrown open. Whether there will be any cermonial is not yet determined. The new "Archway" is a very handsome structure, though there is one feature of it rather grimly suggestive. The parapets on each side are fringed with revolving chevaux de frise, by way of discouraging suicides. One side of the archway is in Hornsey and the other in Islington. For a long time suicides who flung themselves over into the roadway below chose Islington for the plunge, and Hornsey would not go halves in the expense of setting up a railing. Islington, therefore, did its own side, and then the suicides began to topple over in Hornsey, and put the parish to all sorts of trouble and expense till they also erected a barrier. The revolving spikes look better than the old bars; whether they will prove as effectual remains to be seen.

THE happy idea has occurred to the editor of "The Girls' Realm" to obtain the opinion of the hero of Ladysmith on the conduct of girls in the war. Sir George White evidently thought this was a subject upon which there was something to be said that should be known. "I am really glad," he said, "to have an opportunity to express my thorough appreciation of girl's work. I have frequently wondered whether our people at home were hearing of these services, and I believe now that they have not known of them. After all, the little everyday actions done by girls in a time like that in Ladysmith are those that count formost. I do not know of any startling feats of heroism such as have sometimes happened in the past, but I do know of many patriotic girls in Ladysmith who were very brave and did all in their power to make our men comfortable while we were shut in. I naturally supposed that there would have been a deal of nervousness among the women and girls, but I am gald to say that as far as I could judge, the women were as brave as the men. And on them lay heavily the burden of the siege, for a mother has always a family to care for. It was pathetic to see some young girls comforting their parents and doing their best to keep up their spirits, while in truth they were quite as fearful as any of what might come." Sir George adds, that some girls who had never before been in attendance at a sick bed developed a most surprising facility as nurses, and were invaluable to everyone.—But it is not only the girls in Natal that Sir George White praises. He knows there are no truer patriots than British girls, and he says. "I have received dozens of letters from them congratulating me upon my return and I am doing my best to answer them all for I do appreciate their praise and sympathy. We are sure to hear more of the good they have done in the war, and if a great number of them haven't taken part in it the reason will be that they haven't had the opportunity or chance to do so."

How many smokers know what their briarroot pipes are really made of? In one of those valuable repertories of fact, the Consular Reports, we find some information on the subject which will, no doubt, be read with interest. Our Vice-Consul at Leghorn Mr. Carmichael, writes: "The wood from which briar-pipes are made is not the root of the briar rose, but the root of the large heath known in botany as the erica arborea. Our 'briar' is but a corruption of the French 'bruyere.' The briarroot industry has had a somewhat curious history. First begun in the Pyrenees some 50 years ago, it travelled along the French Riviera and the Ligurian coast (taking Corsica by the way) to the Tuscan Maremma, and has now reached Calabria in the south, which is at present its most flourishing centre. Leghorn has always been the centre of the export of Tuscan briar-root since the Meremma industry came into existence, but as the South Italian briar is of admittedly superior quality, a large quantity of the Calabrian root is also imported in to Leghorn for selection and subsequent export. How the briar-root pipe is made is also explained by Mr. Vice-Consul Carmichael, who says all the root that comes into Leghorn has already been cut into the shape in which it is exported to the pipe manufacturing centres, which are principally, at least as regards Italian briar, St. Claude in France, Nuremberg in Bavaria, and various towns in Rhenish Prussia and Thurnigia. The roots, which are sometimes of a circumference of two feet or more, are cut into blocks and then boiled. If there is any defect in the root which has not been discovered before the boiling process, the blocks are bound to split sooner or later. Briar-root blocks are cut into about 25 different sizes and three principal shapes. The shapes are "Marseillaise," "Releve," and "Belaian." The first two are the more usual shapes, from the "Marseillaise" blocks are cut the ordinary briar pipes, which have bowl and stem at right angles, "releve" blocks are cut into a shape for converting into hanging pipes, and "Belgian" blocks, for which there is but small demand, are shaped to fashion into pipes which have bowl and steam at an obtuse angle. A considerable quantity of blocks is sent to the United States of America, but apparently none whatever to the United Kingdom.

# TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

## THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

### SUCCESSFUL ADVANCE OF BULLER.

LONDON, JUNE 12.

General Buller cables on the 11th instant. "To-day we forced Almond's Nek, which is the last defile to Charlestown flats. The enemy was in considerable force with several guns in position. I hope the casualties are under 100.

The 2nd Battalion of Dorsets carried the position with their bayonets.

The 3rd Cavalry Brigade was heavily attacked from the broken country round Iketini Mountain.

General Hildyard directed the whole attack and his dispositions of forces were extremely good."

### RELEASE OF BRITISH PRISONERS.

One hundred and fifty British officers and 3,500 men have been released at Pretoria.

The Boers removed only 900 prisoners.

### BOERS SURRENDER TO GENERAL HUNTER.

LONDON, JUNE 11.

Reuter wires from Ventersdorp that 250 Boers have surrendered to General Hunter and the remainder have promised to surrender.

The Boer laager at Klerksdorp is dispersing and the Commandant is expected to surrender.

### FURTHER SURRENDER OF BOERS.

LONDON, JUNE 12.

Fifteen hundred Boers have surrendered to General Brabant at Ficksburg.

### THE INDIAN CONTINGENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 12.

The following casualties have occurred in the Indian Contingent in South Africa :—At Capetown, Captain Dudley Seagrim, R. A., of enteric ; at the Mooi River, Private C. Jordan, of enteric ; at Ladysmith, Sergeant A. Lodge, 2nd King's Royal Rifles, of pneumonia.

### NEWS OF KOMATIPOORT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 12.

The London correspondent of the "Indian Daily News" wires June 11 :—

The Afrikander Bond Caucus are showing strong opposition to the Bill as regards its proposed treatment of rebels.

Mr. Schreiner made a stirring speech in support of the measure, but Messrs. Merriman and Sauer, who head the Opposition, vehemently denounce the proposal to disfranchise rebels for five years.

When a vote was taken only ten members adhered to Mr. Schreiner.

From Lourenzo Marques there come persistent rumours that Komatipoort has fallen into the hands of the British.

### THE CRISIS IN NORTH CHINA.

LONDON, JUNE 11.

It is stated at St. Petersburg that by agreement of the Powers 6,000 Russian troops are held in readiness at Port Arthur, to proceed to Peking and Tientsin in case of emergency.

A "Times" telegram from Peking states that changes have been made in the composition of the T'Sung-li-Yamen.

Four Manchus, who are rigidly conservative, have been appointed members.

Prince Tuan, the powerful supporter of the Boxers, becomes President.

### A FOREIGN PROTECTORATE OVER CHINA.

The "Daily Express" publishes a message which it has received from Weng Tung Ho, the Emperor of China's former tutor, the purport of which is to express the Emperor's desire for the establishment of a Joint Foreign Protectorate over China.

### MORE TROOPS FOR PEKING.

A fourth train carrying Russian and French troops and two guns left Tientsin to-day.

The forces are assembling at Langfang, 40 miles from Peking.

### THE ASHANTI REBELLION.

Our forces marching to the relief of Kumasi have been opposed by large numbers of Adansis who apparently have joined the Ashantis.

The British dislodged the enemy from their fortified positions at Dompoassi after severe fighting, but were compelled to retire to Kwissa and await reinforcements owing to the losses they had suffered.

Seven European officers were wounded and ninety other casualties occurred.

The Bekwais were loyal and courageously attacked the Ashantis.

### THE ARMY AT HOME.

### SIR POWER PALMER AND MASONRY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 12.

Replying for the army at the Masonic Banquet, to-night, the Commander-in-Chief mentioned that in a letter he had received last mail from Lord Wolseley, the latter said that in spite of all troops sent to South Africa, there were still 113,000 regulars in barracks in England.

Sir Power also spoke of the share he himself proposed to take another year in Masonic interests in Simla, in the event of the Cabinet at home deciding that he was to stay on in his present appointment.

### THE SOMALILAND CAMPAIGN.

Compensation for wear and tear of equipments has been sanctioned to the 4th Bombay Rifles, who did so well in connection with the suppression of the Somaliland rising. The amount works out to eleven rupees to each sepoy, and about Rs. 190 to Majors and Rs. 140 to Captains.

### MILITARY NEWS AND NOTIFICATIONS.

It has been decided to permit warrant officers to commute the portion of their pensions above two shillings a day.

The Royal Munster Fusiliers will not be increased by two line battalions as previously decided upon.

Owing to the general lateness of the season in the north-western Himalayas the Chitral reliefs will probably start a little later than last year. The move probably begins about the second week in October.

Lieutenant Hennel, 2nd Bombay Lancers, is granted six months' extension of leave at home.

Lieutenant Perry, 5th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, is granted four months' extension of leave.

### GERMANY AND THE FAMINE.

CALCUTTA, JUNE 12.

The "Indian Daily News" London correspondent says :—The German Emperor has given the handsome personal subscription of £2,500 towards the Indian Famine Relief Fund.

## POLICE ENCOUNTER WITH DACOITS.

### TWELVE MEN KILLED.

SECUNDERABAD, JUNE 12.

A gang of dacoits, led by one Kania Bhil made a raid in broad daylight, upon a village in British territory, called Jet Dewle. A single armed policeman attacked the raiders but he was overpowered and disarmed. He was afterwards mutilated and then shot dead, his body being burnt in sight of the villagers. The dacoits then fled across the border to the jungle near Jamkhed, in the Nizam's territory. Inspector Maruti Pandurang and a party of police along with a Superintendent of the Nizam's police force proceeded to search the jungle when a sowar was suddenly killed by a single shot. The police closing upon the dacoits the outlaws fired into them, killing a second policeman and wounding another. In return the police fired upon the dacoits killing nine. The leader Kania and three others escaped.

## DEATH OF R. B. SAKARAM BAJI BAODEKAR.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

SAVANTVADY, MAY 11.

Great sorrow is felt at the death of Rao Bahadur Sakharam Baji Baodekar, late State Karbhari. He was ailing a fortnight and expired at 1 a.m., to-day. The funeral was attended by all men of prominence. He was an able statesman and highly respected and beloved by Government and public.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

### STEAMER MOVEMENTS

LIVERPOOL, JUNE 11,

The Clan Line steamer Clan Sutherland left here for Colombo, Madras, and Calcutta, on the evening of 9th instant.

LONDON, JUNE 11.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Shanghai arrived here this morning.

PLYMOUTH, JUNE 11.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Sumatra arrived here this morning.

SUEZ, JUNE 11.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Sabraon arrived here from Bombay this morning.

MARSEILLES, JUNE 11.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Matiana left here outwards day before yesterday afternoon.

The N. Y. K. Miike Maru left Colombo, for Bombay, on the 11th instant.

The N. Y. K. steamer Kagesshimma Maru left Singapore, for Hong Kong, on the 9th instant.

### COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JUNE 11.

The Liverpool cotton market closed quiet. Surat quiet.

Good Bhownugar 4 8-32.

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

| | |
|---|---|
| 2 3-4 per cent. Consols | 101 1-2 |
| 3 per cent. Rentes | 101 1-4 |
| 8 1-2 per cent. Sterling loan | 109 1-2 |
| 3 1-2 per cent. Rupee paper | 63 7-8 |
| Bar Silver | 27 5-8 |

## THE MONSOON.

MESSRS. MACKINNON MACKENZIE AND CO.'s Cochin Agents wire them under date 11th instant, as follows :—"Monsoon burst, surf heavy, light wind and rain."

A cable from Mr. Hutchins, a well known scientist, has reached the Meteorological Department here, giving important particulars of the weather in South Africa in April and May. The chief features were the early withdrawal of the South-East Trades, a very deficient rainfall, the winds feebler than usual and pressure somewhat below the normal. These conditions are considered to be favourable for the monsoon in India and are totally different from last year when the Indian monsoon was diverted into South Africa, giving abnormally heavy and continuous rain in those months.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—"Your Own Correspondent" from Simla notices that "the season up to the present is almost unique, the years to which it bears most resemblance are those of 1865 and 1877." As far as Ratnagiri is concerned, this year up to the present date (June 9), greatly resembles 1884 ; in that year, I was Superintendent of Ratnagiri Police and from my notes, I find that the rainfall up to 14th June was 1 inch and 5 cents against a fall of 22 inches 49 cents and 39 inches 92 cents up to the same date in 1883 and 1882, respectively. August, 1884, made up for the deficiency and the year was, as far as this district is concerned, an excellent one. There is therefore no reason to despair for 1900.—Yours, &c.,

F. GOLDSMID,
Superintendent, Ratnagiri Police.

## AHMEDABAD NEWS.

OUR Ahmedabad correspondent, writing on June 11, says :—For the week ending, 7th inst., the total number of deaths recorded were 495 as against 578 for the previous week. Of these 161 deaths occurred among the refugees and the rest among those in the city. Fever carried off 237 persons, cholera 20 and plague 9 in the same week. Fifty-one deaths were attributed to chest diseases and 83 died from starvation. Sixty-eight births were registered in the same week. Seven new cases of plague occurred during the week. The total mortality from plague was 14, out of 14 cases. Hence all cases proved fatal on the whole, as also cholera cases of the week, which were 20 in all.

Weather has become very humid and the temperature has fallen to 98 since yesterday. Last night was very windy and a little stormy, but no rain has fallen, though there appeared many indications of it.

The famine fund of Ahmedabad is increasing owing to the exertions of Mr. Edalji Dorabji Talati, who had been able to transmit Rs. 1,200 in the last week. One thousand rupees were granted by Sir Dinshaw Manekji Petit, Bart., which will be given in different charities of Ahmedabad. A cheque of one and a-half guineas was forwarded, by the last mail, by the proprietor of the London "Graphic," to Dr. Joseph Benjamin, which will be added to the Sarangpore poor house fund. The Ahmedabad Municipality has recently set apart Rs. 5,000 to be given to the distressed families in Ahmedabad. The Government have sent a further sum of Rs. 5,000 in order to distribute grain freely among the poor classes of the city. The managing committee of the Ahmedabad Relief Fund, has entrusted this work of distributing grain freely, to Dr. Joseph Benjamin, who is disinterestedly working since the commencement of the famine on behalf of the poor and needy people of the city.

Thanksgiving meetings are to be held to-day by the Hindus, Parsis and Mahomedans here, owing to the triumphal entry of Lord Roberts and his Grand Army into Pretoria last week. The Parsi meeting is to be held in the Vakil's Fire Temple at the invitation of Khan Bahadur Jehangir Pestonji Vakil, the secretary of the Parsi Panchayet. Mr. Osman Khureshi and other leading Mahomedans have invited the city shetias in the hall of the Anjuman-i-Islam this evening. The managing committee of the Ahmedabad Branch of the Indian National Association have organised an evening party in the hall of the Bholanath Institute, where both ladies and gentlemen are invited at 9 p. m., to-day.

The sad news of the death of Mr. James Oliver, Educational Inspector, Northern Division, which took place at Matheran, on the 2nd instant, came as a surprise upon those who had happened to see him only four days before in Ahmedabad. The deceased was suffering from acute rheumatism, but nobody thought that his end would be so soon and sudden. Before his last post he was well-known in Ahmedabad as the Head Master of the Government High School here. He was a good French scholar and had himself opened a voluntary class in the High School. The deceased was very regular in his work, so much so that when he first took charge of the Inspectorship, he went punctually at 11 a.m. to his office, when he had to sit there for one hour, without his subordinates in the same place, who began to come one after the other, at 12 a.m. He was of quiet and reserved manners and was extremely liked by his pupils and subordinates. His age was only 52.

The many friends of the Rev. Robert Gillespie will be sorry to learn his death which took place at Borsad, on Friday last. He died from an attack of cholera at the age of 60. The deceased belonged to the Irish Presbyterian Mission and passed the greater part of his life in Ahmedabad, where he has left a host of friends, most of whom are natives. Only three years ago he went to Wadhwan and from thence he was transferred to Borsad at Kaira.

## PRETORIA DAY.

### STUDENTS' REJOICINGS.

Writes a student of Elphinstone College quarters :—"Yesterday evening our superintendent had an open-air concert got up in honour of the occupation of Pretoria by the British. Tables and chairs were arranged in our little garden, and the effect of a few lamps suspended from the branches of trees was altogether charming and picturesque. We had some games also, and then coffee was served, after which the superintendent spoke on the benefit that would result to the Empire from this war and said that as loyal subjects of the Queen they too had followed the varied fortunes of the war with no less enthusiasm than Englishmen themselves. Mr. P. N. Vakil, an old Fellow of the College, thanked the superintendent on behalf of those present for having given them an opportunity of showing their loyalty to the Crown. Referring to Lord Roberts the speaker said that he could imagine no more venerable figure than that of the old soldier, now on the shady side of seventy, sorrowing for the loss of his only son and leaving his native land at the first call of duty to lead the Grand Army to victory. Lusty cheers were given for the Queen, Lord Roberts, Principal MacMillan and the Superintendent."

### MUMBA DEVI.

A meeting of Sanskrit Shastris was held in the dispensary of Shastri Ranchhodji Odhavji. In the beginning they prayed God for the celebrated British victory. Then they declared their joy for the surrender of Pretoria, the capital city of the Boers, to the British Rule, by the bravery and foresight of Lord Roberts and his soldiers. A Sanskrit song, newly-prepared for the occasion, expressing a long life for her Majesty the Queen Victoria, was sung. In the end, after an unanimous recital of prayers, the meeting was dissolved. The learned men, who presented themselves at the occasion, were Shastri Ranchhodji Odhavji, Shastri Nathuram Mahashanker, Shastri Pranjivan Harihar, Mr. Nathji Mohanji Vyas and several others.

### DONGRI.

While men of light and leading were busy celebrating the event of British victory in South Africa, the poor and uneducated inhabitants of Dongri also were not backward in adding their mite to the festivities. Rao Saheb Balkrishna Bhiwaji Tanaji Nakhwa Patel who is always ready with his purse for occasions of this nature though suffering from fever came to their assistance. His house was decorated, flags and bannerets were hung on the road and a large life-size photo of her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen was placed in the middle of the verandah being profusely garlanded with flower-wreaths. A hari-kirtan specially suited to the occasion was performed in the night by a competent hand and several leading gentlemen had graced the occasion with their presence. Amongst those present being Sir Bhalchandra, Rao Bahadurs Vaidya, Vandeker, Dhondiba Burdi, Messrs. Raojee V. J. Sunkersett, Tukaram Jacji, V. M. Chokai, Dalvi, M. N. Bhende, D. S, Palekar, and several others. The assembly after partaking of the refreshments dispersed at a very late hour in the night.

### TARDEO.

Lord Roberts' triumph in Pretoria was celebrated by the plague staff of Tardeo. The District Office was nicely decorated with flags and flowers with the kind permission of Captain A. Chichester, I. S. C., the district plague officer. The Union Jack was hoisted on the top of the roof with the words "Lord Roberts, the Nation's Pride," and another flag with the coat-of-arms was hoisted in front of the office with the words "God Bless Our Queen."

### GONDAL.

The news of the British occupation of Pretoria was received here with great demonstrations of joy. All the State offices were closed on Monday. A royal salute was fired, and the inmates of the poor-houses were given sweetmeats in honour of the occasion.

### SATARA.

Monday was celebrated at Satara in a really substantial way. In addition to meetings attended by Europeans, Mahomedas and Hindus, which were a success under the presidency of Mr. Knight, the Satara Provincial Conference Committee fed over a thousand poor from its funds in honour of the success of British arms.

A general meeting of all the members of the Shri Shivaji Club, Satara, was held on the 11th instant, at 7 p. m., under the presidentship of Dr. M. S. Datar to express heartfelt joy on the occupation of Pretoria by British arms and congratulations to Lord Roberts and her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress of India.

### DHULIA.

The general holiday in honour of the occupation of Pretoria by British forces was celebrated on Monday morning at the Garud High School by the distribution of sweetmeats to about 1,500 boys of English, Marathi and Hindustani Schools, Messrs. Brendon, Herbert, Dubois, Priestley and the gentry of the town being present. Mr. D. S. Garud spoke at length on British success in South Africa and the federation of the British Empire. He said the Franco-German War led to the formation of the German Empire. This Boer war would lead to the British Imperial federation, in which India would be included. Marathi and Hindustani songs, praising the victory of Lord Roberts and the National Anthem were sung by the boys. Great enthusiasm prevailed. Three cheers, proposed for the Queen-Empress, were enthusiastically received. The band of the Bhil Corps was in attendance by the permission of Mr. Dubois, the Police Superintendent.

### AHMEDABAD.

Seth Nuumia Dhotivala, Messrs. Shaik Osman Abdoola Kureshi, Abdullatif Saffree and Goolamhusain Lalbhai, pensioner, convened a large and influential meeting on behalf of the Mahomedan community on Monday, in the Anjuman-i-Madressa, which was tastefully decorated and attended by a band. Mr. Pratt, Assistant Collector, Rao Bahadoors Bhimbhai, Lalshankar, Munsookhram and leading gentlemen of other communities were present. Peerjada Syed Mahomed presided. Resolutions congratulating her Majesty the Queen-Empress, Lord Roberts and the British Army on the triumphant entry into Pretoria, were passed. Great rejoicings took place.

### BARODA.

All offices in the State and Residency were given public holiday on Monday in celebration of the final success of British arms in the Transvaal. Great enthusiasm prevailed in the town. A pan-supari party was held by the Nagarshett Maganbhai Haribhakati, head of the Baroda mahajans, at his bungalow in honour of the auspicious event. A large number of State and Residency officers and mahajans attended the party, including Captain Carnegy, Resident. A congratulatory address was read by the Nagarshet.

### NADIAD.

Sirdar Rao Bahadur Bechardas Viharidas gave a tea-party on Monday evening, at his residence, to the officers and leading gentry of the town on the British success in South Africa and capture of Pretoria.

### SANGLI.

Monday was observed as a public holiday throughout the State. A grand durbar was held under the presidency of the Chief to congratulate her Majesty the Queen-Empress, the British Army and Lord Roberts for the brilliant success in South Africa. Sweets were distributed to school-boys and girls, and clothes to the relief-workers, the latter being allowed one day's holiday with full wages. Some prisoners were released and sentences of some were reduced. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

### KUMTA.

A unique assembly of the Kumta public, including Government officers, Municipal Commissioners and merchants, gathered on Monday to express their hearty felicitations at the much-longed-for and happy news of the splendid successes of the British in the South African war crowned with their occupation of Pretoria. There were present Mr. Anantaya Kulkarni, pleader, president, and Rao Saheb Ghaysas, Mamlutdar, Messrs. Gunpat Bhagwat, vice-president, Fernandez, Municipal Chairman, Chief Constable Keshav Govind, Medical Officer Ramachandra Pai Phansi, Jayram Ladda, S. N. Koppker and others.

A public meeting, convened under the presidency of Rao Saheb Vaikuntrao, Municipal President, was held in the municipal building which was decorated for the occasion, and several officers were present. Hearty congratulations to her Majesty and Government on the occupation of Pretoria were expressed, speeches were delivered, and the meeting concluded with best wishes for her Majesty's long life and rule over us. The National Anthem was sung and fire-works displayed.

### DHARAMPUR.

Soon after the glad tidings of Lord Roberts' entry into Pretoria was received here, the Maharaja Sahib wired a congratulatory message to H. E. the Governor for this brilliant victory. A royal salute of 101 guns was then fired, and the Darbari Palace and town-buildings were illuminated in the evening. A special darbar was held on Monday, which was largely attended by State officials and the townspeople. After the usual ceremonies were over, attar and pan-supari were distributed to the assembled gentlemen, and the darbar was dissolved after three loud cheers for her Majesty the Queen-Empress had been given. Sweetmeats were also distributed to the inmates of the poor-house, &c., and several prisoners were released. A general holiday was observed in the town.

### JETPUR.

A representative and influential public meeting of the inhabitants of Jetpur was held on Saturday in the Diamond Jubilee Girls' School in connection with the occupation of Pretoria by Lord Roberts. Mr. Uttamchand Jethabhai, a leading citizen and president to the Jetpur Raiyat committee, was called to the chair. The elite of the place attended the meeting. The school was tastefully decorated with flags and bunting and presented a very gay appearance. A magnificent portrait of her Majesty the Queen-Empress was placed in a conspicuous part of the school-house. Great enthusiasm prevailed. The following resolutions were adopted unanimously. Proposed and seconded by Messrs. Abhechand Govindji Desai, B.A., LL.B., and Abhechand Kalidas respectively, "that this public meeting of the inhabitants of Jetpur express its unbounded gratification at the capture of Pretoria by Lord Roberts and respectfully tender its warmest congratulations to her Gracious Majesty Victoria, Empress of India, and to his Excellency Lord Curzon, Viceroy of India, on that memorable event." Proposed and seconded by Messrs. Abheshand Kalidas Vakil and Vakil Ajij Hasam respectively, "that this meeting authorises its chairman, Mr. Uttamchand Jethabhai, to send the above resolution to the Viceroy of India through Captain J. W. B. Merewether, Assistant Political Agent, Sorath Prant." Proposed and seconded by Messrs. Manishanker Jetshi and Sheth Abdulla Hamad respectively, "that this meeting desires to note with gratitude the superhuman efforts made by the British Government to combat the famine and tenders its respectful thanks to Captain J. W. B. Merewether, Assistant Political Agent, Sorath Prant, and to Khan Bahadur Hormusjee Jamsedjee Antia, Deputy Assistant Political Agent, Sorath Prant, for their splendid endeavours to alleviate the sufferings of this terrible calamity." At the request of the Taluka Schoolmaster, the chairman presented to the Girls' School the portrait of her Majesty in commemoration of the memorable event which the meeting celebrated. At the conclusion of the meeting three hearty cheers were given for her Majesty the Queen-Empress and for Lord Roberts. A vote of thanks to the chairman and the distribution of pan-supari, &c., terminated the proceedings.

### DHARWAR.

The students of the Dharwar Training College, with great enthusiasm, observed the 11th as a holiday in celebration of the capture of Pretoria and the crowning success achieved by her Imperial Majesty's Forces in South Africa. They met on the College premises and offered prayers for the long life and prosperity of her Majesty the Queen-Empress, and marched in procession, headed by the principal and staff to the Collector's bungalow, where loyal songs were sung. This local representative of her Majesty joined the students in their expression of joy. The procession returned to the College, where a meeting presided over by Rao Bahadur Sahasrabudhe, Educational Inspector, S.D., and attended by all the educational officers and native judicials was held, songs and speeches befitting the occasion being recited. Mr. Sahasrabudhe congratulated the students for having done their duty in a very loyal spirit. Proceedings terminated with the distribution of pan-supari and sweetmeats to the students of the practising school attached to the College. Hearty cheers were given for her Majesty the Queen-Empress, Lord Roberts and the Department. The Principal, Mr. Rodda, gave a tea-party to the gentlemen assembled in honour of the occasion.

### SHOLAPUR.

A most successful and enthusiastic public meeting of all colours and creeds in Sholapur was held this evening at Ripon Hall for celebrating British occupation of Pretoria, Mr. Maconochie, I.C.S., Collector, presiding. Eloquent speeches praising the tactics and organization of Lord Roberts, which led to these excellent results, were made by Mr, Warad, Mr. Hosali, bar-at-law, Sirdar Khan Saheb, Police Inspector, and Khansaheb Shekh Jaffer, Messrs. Shingi and Bam. Mr. Maconochie gave a suitable reply acknowledging India's and especially Sholapur people's loyalty at the entire success of British arms in South Africa. The war, he remarked, brought about union between England and her great Dependency and Colonies, and he exposed the hollowness of some adverse criticism, which had appeared in the European press by quoting instance of Dr. Leyds. The particulars about whose imposition were published in to-day's dailies. Mr. Sathe translated the Collector's speech into beautiful Marathi, and a hearty vote of thanks to the Collector as well as three ringing cheers in the name of the Queen-Empress by our energetic Municipal Secretary, Mr. Pitre, brought the proceedings to a close. 15,000 famine-stricken people were given a sumptuous dinner from the local charitable fund. Display of the renowned fire-works of Faridsaheb satisfied the spectators on the Sidheshwar Tank. Illuminations in the town were excellent. Mills and courts and offices were closed, and the whole day enjoyed by the Sholapur public as a gala day. Ripon Hall was beautifully decorated for the occasion by Mr. Pitre and his co-workers. A special thanksgiving ceremony (jasan) was held by the Parsis in their agiary, after which it was resolved to send a message of congratulation to her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress through the Collector. A deputation, headed by the secretary, waited upon the Collector with this message.

### DHORAJI.

Great enthusiasm prevailed here yesterday for the success of British arms in South Africa. The Adam Mahels and all buildings were brilliantly illuminated. The superintendent of Mr. Adamjee's charitable institutions in Kathiawar gave an evening tea entertainment to all Dhoraji people. Speeches were made. The Dewan Saheb of Gondal spoke very highly for one hour of Mr. Adamjee Pirbhai's various charities. He said the saving of thousands of lives by Mr. Adamjee in this dreadful famine year has made his name a household word throughout in Kathiawar. Mr. Adamjee's Madressa's boys read specially-composed poetry.

## MILITARY NEWS.

THE undermentioned officers of the Royal Engineers are admitted to or removed from the Military Works cadre with effect from the dates stated against their names :—Admissions : Captain Winslow, 18th February ; Major Dixon, 29th March ; Captain Watson, V. C., 1st April ; Captain Greer, 3rd April ; Second-Lieutenant Bashell, 5th April ; Second-Lieutenant Lewis, 6th April ; Second-Lieutenant Molesworth, 7th April ; Second-Lieutenant Browne, 10th April ; Captain Stevens, 24th April. The admission of Captain R. K. Money-Shewan is antedated to 31st January, 1900. Removals : Captain Carmichael, 31st January ; Lieutenant-Colonel Mein, 29th March ; Major Houston, 1st April ; Captain Ewbank, 3rd April ; Captain Liddell, 26th April.

The proposal for the early re-armament of the Kurram Militia with Mark 2 Martini-Henry rifles in place of the Snider rifle, with which the force is at present armed, has been sanctioned.

## THE EXTENSIVE FORGERIES OF BOMBAY STOCK.

KALIDAS SOONDERJI, a broker, who resides at Dwarkadas Street, Fort, has reported to the police that, on the 14th December last, Premji Keshewji pledged with him five debenture bonds of the Currimbhoy Mill Company, of Rs. 1,000 each for Rs. 3,750 at the rate of seven per cent. and a half per annum. Complainant returned to Bombay on the 9th instant and on hearing of the frauds committed by Premji, he took the debenture bonds to the Currimbhoy Mills office and discovered that they were forgeries.

## A LIMDI MIRACLE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Your readers and the general public will—I hope—be interested to know the facts of a miracle, wrought by a Jain high-priest here, upon a boy who has come down to Sehore for these last six months or so from Limdi. He says that he belongs to a place where "Chhayals" are printed, and it is, therefore, believed that he belongs to Kaira. He says that he has a sister and a brother-in-law in Limdi, whom he knows by sight, but whose names he cannot give, because of his having been deaf and dumb so many years. The boy who appears to be sixteen or so, has been here for these last six months, and until recently was acting as a domestic servant in the family of Mr. Bhaichand Mehta, of the Shamji Bhimji family. He was completely deaf and dumb and is testified to have been so, besides a host of other respectable witnesses, by my own son who is thirteen years old and who attends the High School. He is positive over this fact because he assures me that he with his younger brother who is also eight, made fun of him, while I was staying with my family in the Pragatnath Mahedev Temple. The high-priest of the Tappa section of the Jains, who is here on a visit for these last few days, however, cured him of his natural dumbness on the night of the day-before-yesterday, after having first cured him of his deafness during the course of the last week.

The name of the priest is Virvijayji, and he has given the name of Popat to the boy whom he cured of his natural deafness and dumbness. I interviewed the boy and asked him to name some of the most ordinary objects in my house. He now speaks as an ordinary man would speak. The only difference is that his vocabulary is too small. On being asked, he could not name the chair, the turban, the kooza and the gola. This shows that in these two days he has not yet been able to learn the names of all the objects. Once the object is shown to him and a name given to it in his presence, he picks it up and then repeats the same.

These are not the days of miracle, nor am I a believer in the miracle, but like a man who wants to study nature, I keep my eyes open to receive light from every possible quarter.

I should like to assure your readers that I am not a Jain so that I would be charged with blindness or partiality for my faith.—Yours, &c.,

VITHALDAS G. TRIVEDI, B.A., LL.B.,
First Class Magistrate and Civil Judge, Sehore.

## THANA NEWS.

OUR local correspondent, writing on Monday, says:—Mr. W. C. Shepherd has been appointed to act as Collector and District Magistrate at Thana until the arrival of the permanent incumbent. Assistant Surgeon Pandharinath Vamon Shikre, L. M. and S., has been appointed temporarily to the medical charge of Sir Kavasji Jehangir Readymoney Dispensary at Bandora. Mr. Rustom Dhunjibhoy Cursetji Ratnagar has been authorised to practise as a Pleader in the District Courts of Thana from the 5th instant.

At a special general meeting of members of the Chandraseniya Kayasth Prabhoo Social Club, Thana, which was held in the Club Hall, Moosaji Ballaji Street, under the presidency of Mr. Mahadevrao Ramchandra Tipnis, last week, it was unanimously resolved that the name of C. K. P. Social Club should be changed into Chandraseniya Kayasth Parbhoo Education Society and registered under Act 21 of 1860. The following appointments of office-bearers, in connection with the Society, were then made :—Messrs. Anant Raghunath Chitri, Kasinath Babaji Pradhan, B. A., Narayan Daji Gupte, Trimbak Ramchandra Kotwal, B.A., LL.B., members of the managing committee ; Messrs. Sitaram Khanderao Vaidya, M.A., and Ramchandra Mahadev Deshpande, B.A., trustees ; Mr. Pandurang Narayan Pradhan, treasurer ; Messrs. Sakharam Dhondev Gupte and Shankar Govind Kharkar, B. A., L. L. B., auditors ; and Messrs. Dattatraya Laxuman Vaidya, B.A., LL. B., Mahadev Gunesh Dongre, B.A., L.C.E., and Balkrishna Vamon Kharkar, B. A., joint secretaries. A large number of members of the Club attended the meeting. With a cordial vote of thanks to the chairman the meeting came to a close.

At the seventh annual meeting of the members of the Marathi Library of (Dr. Kirtikar's) Granth Sangrhalya, Thana, held under the presidency of Professor Shivram Mahadev Paranjpe, M. A., (who had especially come down from Bombay) in Sri Shivaji's Theatrical Hall, yesterday, the following business was transacted :—The report of the institution for 1899-1900 was read by Mr. Damodhar Sakharam Deshmookh, joint secretary, stating that there were 266 members, including thirteen life members of the library during the year. There were 2,916 books upon different (twelve) subjects in the Sangrhalya including several volumes and periodicals received from thirty-one members and authors during the year under report. Mr. Srimant Laxuman Krishna Sawant of Bassein gave a donation of Rs.166 for the library. The total sum of money belonging to the institution was Rs. 1,252 at the end of the year under report. The report was passed and the auditor's report was also read and adopted. There were about 300 native gentlemen present. The chairman made a speech on Maharatta education and several members also made suitable speeches on the occasion. After a vote of thanks to the chairman the meeting separated.

Mr. A. F. De Lima, Clerk of Mamlatdars' Kutchery, Thana, who was acting civil officer in charge of Famine Relief Kitchen House at Bolsar, in Dhanoo, had an enthusiastic send-off on leaving to take up his new appointment of Abkari Inspector at Ratnagiri, last week. Mr. De Lima was in charge of the Kitchen House for a few months, yet he acquitted himself in such a manner that a large number of famine-stricken people assembled at the Kitchen House and thanked him for his kind services and accompanied him in procession to the railway station and wished him God-speed.

A Ghatee woman of Coorla was tried by Rao Saheb Anna Ramchandra Pethe, B.A., Mamlatdar and Second Class Magistrate of Thana, for stealing half a seer of salt, worth about one anna, from the Government Salt Pan, at Coorla, and sentenced to three days' rigorous imprisonment, on Friday last.

It is rumoured here that Mr. A. Jackson will be the Collector of Thana. Rao Saheb Shivram Gangadhar Mandlik, B. A., L L. B., Chitnis to the Collector of Thana, is to be appointed a Subordinate Judge at Yaval, in Khandesh District. He will be succeeded by Rao Saheb Anna Ramchandra Pethe, B. A., Mamlatdar of Thana.

The Hon. Sir Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatavadekar, L. M. Kt., visited this station yesterday.

Seven births (four males and three females) and forty-one deaths (including thirty-one deaths from cholera) were registered in the town of Thana during the past week.

## BOMBAY YARNS IN CHINA.

MESSRS. FRAMJEE HORMUJI AND CO's cotton circular, dated Hongkong, May 25, is thus summarised :—Since our last a better feeling was noticeable in the market and a fairly good business was put through at a rise of 1-2 dols, to 1 1-2 dol. Purchasing orders from the interior have been coming in at ruling rates to which importers have freely met. With the exception of No, 16, all the counts have had fair enquiry, No. 12 was mostly sought for, and prices realised for this count are on a parity with those ruling for 16. Clearances of late have been satisfactory. Arrivals have fallen low, which point to a healthier feeling in the market. Sales to the extent of 6,100 bales have transpired as follows :—

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,500 | bales of | No. 20 | sold at | Dol. 97 | to | Dol. 107 | |
| 350 | ,, | ,, 16 | ,, | ,, 94 | ,, | ,, 100 | |
| 1,250 | ,, | ,, 12 | ,, | ,, 87 | ,, | ,, 97 | |
| 3,000 | ,, | ,, 10 | ,, | ,, 82 | ,, | ,, 96½ | |

leaving unsold stocks—under arrivals of 4,000 bales and 3,500 bales hipped to coast ports and northwards—at 58,000 bales. Exchange on India to-day Rs. 146 T T and Rs. 146 3-4 on demand.

Owing to a better market being advised from Japan, Japanese spinnings have been dealt in to the extent of 1,500 bales at a rise of 1 dollar.

In Shanghai a large off-take has transpired and about 9,000 bales are reported to have changed ownership. Nos. 20 and 10 have attracted considerable attention, the latter count has experienced an advance of 1 to 2 taels per bale. Twenties have advanced half a tael. Japanese spinnings have been sold to the extent of 2,000 bales and Locals to the extent of 2,500 bales.

In Japan in the beginning a livelier feeling was visible, and a slight advance was established which was further strengthened by enquiries from Hongkong and Shanghai. Latterly the market again inclined towards quietude, and latest telegraphic advices from Japan make the market there for twenties yens 95 to 95 1-2.

MR. BEGBIE has much to say of Baden-Powell's respect for, and great kindness to his men. The latter worship him, and he has always been as assiduous in his attentions to them "as any knight to his lady." "Men (we are told) go to him with their private cares and troubles. They know that the man who can make them laugh till the tears stream down their faces can at the right moment show a serious face and give ear to the humblest tale of trouble. . . . When he was in the 13th Hussars he was always a favourite with the children in the married quarters, and if you could pick out an apple-cheeked urchin playing in the dust of the barracks who did not grin from ear to ear when asked if he knew Baden-Powell, you have stumbled upon a young gentleman the guest of the regiment." Baden-Powell not only made it his business to know all about his men's lives, their families, their favourite sports, their objects in life, and the way they spend their leave ; he even got to learn the names the men gave their horses.

## H. E. THE GOVERNOR AT POONA.

### ADDRESS BY THE MUNICIPALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JUNE 11.

THE members of the Municipality of the City of Poona, in continuance of their former custom, waited upon his Excellency Lord Northcote, the new Governor, on his first arrival in Poona to bid him welcome. The members assembled at midday in the Reception Hall at Ganeshkind, and shortly after his Excellency, who was accompanied by his Staff entered the Hall.

The following were the members of the Municipality present :—Sirdar Khan Bahadur Dorabjee Pudumjee, President. Members,: Mr. J. C. Potinger, Mr. J. McNeill, I. C. S, Major Minchin, Messrs. M. Visweswaraya, E. L. Sale, I. C. S, H. F. Carvalho, City Magistrate, Poona, Munshi Sheik Sardar, Mr. H. N. Apte, Mr. Jehangir Pestanjee Wadia, Rao Bahadur Ganesh Govind Gokhle, Rao Bahadur Wasudeo Bapuji Kanitkar, Mr. Jusuff Husen Jaffer Jusuff, Mr. G. A. Bhatt, the Hon'ble Professor Gopal Krishna Gokhale, Messrs. Moreshwar Wasudeo Sathe, Kashinath Parashram Gadgil, V. N. Chiplonkar, Vishnu Anant Patwardhan, B. A., Ganesh Narayen Ghotavdekar, Gangadhur Waman Lele, Motichand Bhagwandas ; Dr. Shankar Amrit Chobhe, Messrs. Ganesh Ramkrishna Flumbrikar, Raghunath Deji Nagarkar, Ramnarayan Amarchand, Bapu Damodhar, Dr. S. W. Ranade, Messrs. Krishnarao Chimanaji Ohole, Pandurang Ramji Bari, Kaluram Bhau Mansaram, Balkrishna Viziarangam Mudliar, Sardar Kupuswami Viziarangam Mudliar, Sirdar Ganputgir Guru Bhotagir, Messrs. V. R. Patwardhan, Narsiv Chintaman Kelkar, Dinkar Hari Waknis, and Dr. Vishnu Waman Bhagwat.

Sirdar Khan Bahadur Dorabjee Pudumjee, the President of the Municipality

Northcote and myself I tender to the Municipality, Poona, our sincere thanks for the cordial welcome extended to us, specially for the graceful and kindly reference to my father. We feel some hope in coming to the Presidency of Bombay at a moment when all classes here of her Majesty's subjects are or should be naturally drawn more closely to each other by common feelings of sympathy with distress that exists in the Presidency. It may be our previlege to take some small share in the great work of permanently establishing good feelings and kindly relations amongst those natives and Europeans with whom for the next few years we trust to be closely associated. In your address you refer, with legitimate pride, to the ancient fame of your city and its continued intellect and activity, both of which I heartily admit. With regard to the Municipal Commissioners, I may point out that the New Municipal Bill provides that not less than half the councillors are to be elected by Government, who will have a free hand in determining from time to time wether, especially in cases of municipalities such as Poona, the minimum may not, with advantage, be exceeded in Poona. It has been well represented on the Select Committee which is considering the Bill. I know that the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale has rendered valuable assistance, and I think you will find that the Bill has been considered by the Government in a liberal and conciliatory spirit. With regard to your drainge scheme I am generally acquainted with the action taken by Poona. I understand that Mr. Pottinger has carried out Mr. Santo Crimp's suggestions, and that the scheme will shortly be re-submitted to Government. I am of opinion that your financial position precludes the possibility of your being able to incur the necessary expense without a Government loan, and I think my advisers will be well apared to consider the question in a sympathetic spirit, though you will understand that the ultimate decision must rest with the Government of India, whose sanction must necessarily be controlled by a general regard to the financial resources of India, and the comparative claims of the innumerable demands upon them. The next paragraph in your address deals with plague matters. I need hardly remind you that under any circumstances this Government has not a free hand in the matter. The Government of India have defined by the resolution of 1898 the obligations which the outbreak of plague impose on a Municipality. Since that date, however, the Government have assumed some considerable share of the cost in paying for the superior civil and military officers, doctors and nurses and have provided a not inconsiderable amount of funds for discretionary relief to the poor within the Municipal areas. It would not be honest on my part to say that I think it probable that at the present moment, with a heavy famine expenditure to meet, the Government of India would be likely to grant special relief to Poona in regard to plague charges; but I hope that if the Municipality sets itself resolutely to carry out the great sanitary measures referred to in the address, you may hope for a sympathetic consideration in future. With regard to technical education, I rejoice to know how deeply Poona is interested in the question. Your Municipal Technical School has done and is doing good work. I regret the temporary diminution of its numbers owing to plague. In common with many other objects of importance, the claims of technical education had to be postponed on account of famine exigencies, but I trust the postponment is only temporary. I think I may confidently assure you that the matter will not be lost sight of so far as funds can be found for its promotion. In conclusion let me thank you for the hope you express that I may be enabled to perform my duties satisfactorily. That depends largely on yourselves. It is my earnest wish to work in hearty co-operation with you all. We have? I trust, a common object—the happiness and material prosperity of our fellow-men. You can help me materially, especially through your knowledge of native feelings, wishes and even prejudices, and to those feelings it will always be my wish to pay all consideration consistent with the discharge of those duties with which her Majesty has been graciously pleased to entrust me.

## SASSOON AND ALLIANCE SILK MILL COMPANY, LIMITED.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of this Company was held yesterday afternoon, at its registered office, Forbes Street, Fort, the Hon'ble Mr. S. M. Moses presiding. The report of he directors for the year ending 31st December 1899 was as follows :—

In consequence of the advanced prices for raw silk, which ruled throughout the year without any improvement in the rates for manufactured goods, and as the local markets were depressed owing to the prevalence of plague and famine, it was necessary to curtail production and therefore the machinery in your mill was only kept partially at work. Besides which it was essential that instead of adding to our stocks of manufactured goods, these should be reduced as opportunities offered. Thus the Company's operations have been hampered by untoward circumstances, and the directors regret, that the result, shows a debit balance of profit and loss of Rs. 13,-505-1-5 after allowing for the balance of Rs. 14,367-2-4 brought forward from the previous year. Theold stocks of goods have been considerably reduced. Prices of the raw materials still continue high, though at the moment they are less firm, and have a declining tendency, which if continued will give us good results on the large contracts we have recently made for future delivery. The Company's property consisting of mill buildings, machinery, and stock of raw and manufactured goods, is insured against Fire for Rs.19,50,000. The directors with much regret record the death of one of their colleagues Mr. Damodardas Tapidas, who was a director of the Company from its formation. They record their appreciation of the great interest and intelligent co-operation which he always displayed in the Company's affairs. They have also to announce the resignation of Mrs. S. D. Sassoon, and desire to place on record their high estimation of the valuable assistance, they received from her in the management of the Company's affairs during the time she was its president. In accordance with the article 87 of the articles of association of the Company the Hon. Mr. S. M. Moses has been appointed Chairman in the place thus vacated.

The report was adopted, and resolutions were passed re-electing Messrs. Dayabhoy Tapidas and Vijbhucandas Atmaram directors, and appointing Messrs Jamnadas and Fardunji Ardeshir Cursetji Furdunji auditors for the ensuing year on a remuneration of Rs. 100 each. A vote of thanks to the chairman concluded the proceedings.

## THE GRESHAM LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LIMITED.

At an ordinary general meeting of this flourishing Company, of which Messrs. Croft Mody and Co. are the Bombay Agents, the following report, for the year ending 31st December, 1899, was presented :—

During the year, 5,838 policies have been issued, assuring as amount of £2,335,683. 747 proposals for £322,432 have been declined. The new premiums for assurances amounted to £107,409 14s. 6d. The amount of £142,530 14s. 2d. has been received as purchase-money for immediate and deferred life annuities, and £35 13s. 4d. by way of periodical payments of the first year in respect of deferred and contingent life annuities. The annuity policies issued represent an annual payment by the Society of £14,148.

The income of the Society derived from premiums, interest and rents amounted to £1,283,895 10s. 5d., being an increase of £44,567 10s. 9d. upon the previous year. The admitted claims on life policies amounted to £468,240 18s. 6d. The admitted claims on endowments maturing by age or expiration of term amounted to £173,323 5s. 2d. 185 annuitants have died, releasing the Society from annuities amounting to £3,321 9s. 8d. The charge upon the Society for the surrender of policies (including loans written of is respect of policies which had lapsed) was £55,846 18s. 2d. As a result of the operations of the past year, the funds of the Society have been increased by £337,771 17s. 5d. The assets appearing in the balance sheet amount in the whole to £7,372,164 15s. 4d. The investment reserve account stands at £70,000 0s. 0d. The ratio of expenses to primium income has been further reduced, and this important matter continues to engage the attention of the Board. The directors have to announce with much regret the loss by death, since their last report of a valued colleague, Mr. George Henry Ogston who had been a director since 1891, and who was chairman of the board during the year 1895-96. The directors retiring on this occasion are Messrs. Chas. Augustin Hanson, Henry Turton Norton and Courtenay Cracroft Spurrell Fooks. These gentlemen being eligible, and having notified their willingness to serve, constitute the list for re-election. The Auditors, Messrs. George Sneath, F.C.A., and A. W. Chambers, retire from office, but are eligible, and offer themselves for re-election. The disectors have again to report that the income tax questions in dispute with the Crown, have not been finally adjusted.

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH. A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet toothbrush produce a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant "Floriline" being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d. of all Chemists and Perfumers, Wholesale Depot, 13, Farringdon Road, London, England.

## THE WATER SUPPLY OF BOMBAY.

The following letters on water supply of Bombay have been forwarded to the members of the Standing Committee :—

Mr. M. C. Murzban, Executive Engineer, writes :

In order to clear the ground and to enable you to arrive at a definite conclusion on the question at issue, a brief history of the subject might be found interesting. In the year 1888 it was proposed to construct additional filters in the settling basin at the Malabar Hill Reservoir. When that matter was before the Standing Committee, that body desired to know something more about the magnetic spongy carbon, now called Polarite, which was then newly introduced, and on this account they recommended the postponement of further consideration of the question. Sir John Fowler was then consulted, who recommended sand filtration at the rate of 400 gallons per square yard per day, and stated that it would be possible to add polarite to sand filters on any subsequent occasion, should it be deemed advisable to do so. At this time the question of providing storage for Tansa supply turned up, and the possibility of enlarging the Malabar Hill Reservoir for this purpose, and constructing the additional filters over the portion so enlarged was under consideration. This idea was subsequently abandoned in favour of that of making Vehar the service reservoir for Tansa. The question of the adoption of polarite for filtering Tulsi supply was then seriously taken up, and an elaborate report on the subject was obtained, at my instance, from Major Tullock, R.E. The then Municipal Commissioner, Mr. Acworth, however, gave his opinion against its use, for reasons explained in his No. 27781 of 20th March 1894 to the address of the Municipal Secretary, and recommended the construction of the additional filters in the storage basin at a cost of Rs. 1,86,240.

It may here be pointed out that the original idea was to erect the addional filters in the settling basin, but this idea was subsequently abandoned, as the floor of this basin has been asphalted, which would be damaged by the erection of piers which would be required to support the new filters.

When the question camp up before the Corporation, it was decided that before sanctioning the extension of the existing filters, the present filters should be put in thorough order and then experiments carried out to ascertain the best rate of the filtration of the Tulsi water. These experiments would have now been carried out but for the failure of the last monsoon, and the consequent insufficiency of water in Tulsi Lake. In the meantime the present Acting Deputy Executive Engineer, Water Works, Mr. Bruce, submitted proposals for constructing additional filters, on a site situated outside and to the west of the existing filters, under his No. 7442 of 22nd October 1898, which has been forwarded to you under this Office No. 14958 of 4th January 1899.

Owing, however, to financial difficulties, and to the fact that the Corporation have resolved to have experiments made as to the best rate of filtration of Tulsi water, above referred to, you ordered the postponement of the consideration of the subject until the experiments are carried out.

FILTRATION

The Standing Committee having now called for proposals for the complete filtration of Tulsi water it is necessary to deal with the subject as best we can, without the light which would be thrown on the subject by the experiments above referred to. The first question of vital importance is the determination of the best rate of flirtation for Tulsi water. Sir John Fowler had recommended filtration at the rate of 400 gallons per square yard per day, and in designing the additional filters, Mr. Tomlinson had taken this rate at 4 35-33 gallons. Mr. Bruce is of opinion that the best rate of filtration for water of this character is about 675 gallons per square yard per day, or say, for purposes of calculation and to allow for contingencies, 600 per square yard. The area of the proposed additional filters may, therefore, be based on the rate of 600 gallons per square yard per day. For the purpose of calculation, the Tulsi supply may be taken at 4 1-2 million gallons per day and the areas of the four existing filters at 45,270 square feet and the effective filtering area at 32,454 square feet.

On the above basis the total area required to filter 4 1-2 million gallons, at the rate of 600 gallons per square yard per day, would be equal to 45,00,000/600 = 7,500 square yards=67,500 square feet. Adding to this the area of one of the filters, viz., 12,816 square feet, which must be kept in reserve for cleaning the total gross filtering area required is 67,500+12,816 = 80,316 square feet.

Mr. Bruce proposes to construct, on the outside and to the west of the Reservoir, three additional filters, each 130' by 80' or a total additional area of 31,200 square feet, which, when, added to the area of the existing filters viz : 45,270, gives 76,470 square feet, which is about the total area required to filter the whole of the Tulsi supply. He estimates the cost of the project including roofing, at about Rs 2,44,000, but states that if the roof, which he does not consider necessary be omitted the cost of the filters alone will be Rs. 2,03,000. I am, however, of opinion that if the filters are to be placed outside the Reservoir, they must be covered. There was a good deal of discussion on the subject in the past, and both the former Town Council and the Corporation had come to the conclusion that the whole of the Reservoir at Malabar Hill must be under cover. The Town Concil in 1849 resolved that the Commissioner be asked to call for tenders for the covering of the whole Reservoir and filter beds. They also resolved that in 1880 the Commissioner be requested to provide for a complete covering of the filter beds, in such a manner as will allow of proper cleansing, supervision and maintenance, and finally the Corporation, after a most exhaustive discussion, sanctioned, in 1881, a sum of Rs. 3,97,360 for constructing the existing filter beds, and a masonry roof over the *whole* of the Malabar Hill Reservoir. Under the circumstances it appears useless reopening the question as to whether the new filter should be covered or not. If the additional filters are to be placed in the existing Reservoir then the best place for them is in my opinion the distributing basin as recommended by Mr. Tomlinson. He estimated the cost of constructing 54,359 square feet of additional filters in this position at Rs. 1,86,240, but on the basis of the 600 gallons per square yard per day now proposed the additional filtering area required would be only 80,316—45,270=35,046 square feet. Approximately, therefore, the cost of constructing 35,046 square feet of additional filters may be taken at 1,86,240 per cent 35,046 per cent 54,359= Rs. 1,20,071. say Rs. 1, 20,000.

THE PROPOSALS.

We have now to select any one of the two following alternative proposals :—(a) to construct the additional filters in the distributing basin at a cost of about Rs. 1,20,000, or (b) to construct covered-filters outside the Reservoir at a total cost of Rs. 2,44,000. The alternative (a) is by far the cheaper of the two. The objection of this proposal is the curtailment of the storage capacity of the Distributing Basin. Another objection to it is the distance to which sandwill have to be periodically carried for cleaning.

The only objection to alternative (b) is the very heavy outlay which will be involved in the construction, but the redeeming feature of this scheme is that instead of curtailing the existing storage capacity as alternative (a) does, an additional storage capacity of about 1 1-2 million gallons will be obtained. The filters in this position can be maintained with greater facility because the sand-washers can be located close to the filters.

In short, the question is whether it would be advisable to spend an extra sum of Rs. 1,24,000—(a) to maintain the existing storage capacity, (b) to add about 1 1-2 million gallons to the existing storage area, and to secure facility in the maintenance of the additional filters.

Large as is the extra sum now under consideration the advantages that will be derived by its expenditure are equally great and I am, therefore, inclined to favour the scheme of placing the filters outside the Reservoir.

The plans of the two schemes are herewith forwarded for your inspection. On receipt of your decision detailed drawings and estimate of the approved scheme will be prepared for submission to the Corporation.

The Municipal Commissioner writes :—The Standing Committee will recollect that it was decided by the Corporation to experiment as to the proper rate of filtration, this information being necessary to determine the area of the filter beds required. The experiments obviously could not be undertaken until all the filters had been put into working order, and the reduction in the draw off from Tulsi this year has necessitated their further postponement. It was intended to commence from the 1st October 1900 and, a regular scheme for the purpose, including of course systematic analysis, has been drawn up. If, however, the Standing Committee are prepared to rule that 600 gallons may be taken as the standard per square yard per diem detailed estimates will be sent in. The second alternative proposal of the Executive Engineer is clearly the proper one to adpot.

TO THE DEAF.—A rich lady, cured of her Deafness and Noises in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, gave £5,000 to his Institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drums may have them free. Address No. 1014 D. The Nicholson Institute, Longcott, Gunnersbury, London, W.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS !—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth ? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is sold by Medicine dealers every where at 1s. 1½d. per bottle.

## HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE RUSSELL.)

### DISPUTED TRANSACTIONS IN RANGOON RICE.

PRAGJEE VALABHDAS VS. DEVSEY SARANG AND OTHERS.

THE plaintiff in this case prayed judgment for Rs. 11,183-7-3 and interest thereon at 9 per cent. from 17th December, 1899. The Hon. Mr. Lang and Mr. Rivett-Carnac, instructed by Mr. Madhavjee Virjee, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Starling and Mr. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Chitnis, Motilal, and Malvi, appeared for the defendants.

The plaintiff stated that, by a contract in writing dated 29th September 1897, the defendants contracted to purchase from plaintiff 6,700 bags of Rangoon Halwa Mill rice, each bag to contain about six maunds, at Rs. 8-6-2 per bag, deliverable from 4th to 16th December 1899. By another contract dated the 29th October 1899, the defendants contracted to purchase from plaintiff 2,630 bags of the same goods at Rs. 8-1-2 per bag between the 4th and 16th December 1899. Under the two contracts the defendants took delivery of 1,030 bags, but absolutely refused to take delivery of the remaining 8,350 bags although the plaintiff repeatedly called upon them to take delivery. Plaintiff, after giving them due notice got the rice re-sold by public auction through Messrs. A. Ready-money and Co., on the defendants' account and at their risk. As the market had then fallen, the plaintiff lost upon such re-sale. The defendants had made payments in respect of the goods taken delivery of by them. There was therefore due by the defendants the sum of Rs. 11,183-7-3 in respect of the two contracts.

The defendants denied that they absolutely refused to take delivery of the remaining 8,350 bags. On the contrary, they were always willing to take delivery until the 19th December 1899, when the plaintiff's moonim, Morarji came to them and agreed to purchase the remaining bags from them, on behalf of the plaintiff, at Rs. 7-6-2 per bag and to receive from the defendants Rs. 7,771-8-10 on the 22nd December 1899, being the difference between the price at which the defendants had originally contracted to purchase and the price at which they re-sold the remaining bags. Defendants tendered the said sum of Rs. 7,771-8-10 to the plaintiff, and had deposited the sams in court. Defendants submitted that plaintiff was not entitled to anything more than the amount paid in court; and they had no objection to plaintiff receiving the same in full satisfaction of his claim. They submitted that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

Evidence in the case was proceeded with.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE TYEBJEE.)

### SALE OF WATCHES.

E. J. REUBEN VS. SAHEBZADA M. ABDUL ALIM KHAN.

The plaintiff, a jeweller, claimed to recover Rs.4,500 from the defendant, with interest. Mr. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Maganlal and Kustomjee, appeared for the plaintiff. The defendants did not appear. The plaintiff having given evidence to the effect that he had supplied watches to the defendants to the value of the claim mentioned above, his Lordship passed a decree for the full amount claimed with interest and costs.

### KING KING AND CO. vs. ARTHUR ROBERT DENNE.

There was no appearance for the defendant. Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, examined Mr. J. Sheepshanks, an assistant in the plaintiff's firm, who gave evidence to the effect that at the close of last December the defendant was indebted to the firm on a loan and current account to the extent of Rs. 2,004. His Lordship gave the decree for the amount claimed with interest at 10 per cent. and costs.

### WILLIAM WATSON & Co. vs. KESHEVJI SHAMJI BUDHBATTI.

The defendant was served at Cutch Bhooj. Mr. W. T. Carroll, the manager of the plaintiff's firm, proved that the defendant owed a balance on his bank account of Rs. 7,110. His Lordship passed a decree for that amount with interest at 12 per cent. and costs.

### FURNITURE SOLD.

FAZIL MOOLJEE ROWJEE VS. D. BORRI.

His Lordship passed a decree for Rs. 4,700 with interest at 12 per cent, and costs against the defendant. The plaintiff, a furniture dealer, gave evidence to the effect that he had supplied a large quantity of furniture to the defendant, who he believed, was about to sell up his goods and leave Bombay.

## THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results :—

| Wards. | Plague. Attacks. | Deaths. | Deaths from all Cause. |
|---|---|---|---|
| A Upper Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade.... | 1 | 1 | 10 |
| B Mandvi, Chukla, Umarkhadi and Dongri..... | 4 | 7 | 41 |
| C Market, Dhobi Talao, Paraswadi, Bhuleshwar Khara Talao and Kumbharwada ..... | 3 | 1 | 28 |
| D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Mahalaxmi ..... | 0 | 1 | 11 |
| E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada..... | 0 | 1 | 27 |
| F Parel, Sewree and Sion ... | 1 | 0 | 7 |
| G Mahim and Worlee ... | 0 | 1 | 11 |
| Water Division..... | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Non-resident and unknown... | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hospitals ..... | 0 | 2 | 15 |
| Total..... | 9 | 14 | 153 |
| Total plague deaths to date .... | 75,256 | 64,121 | |
| Same date last year... | 6 | 6 | 64 |
| Small-pox ..... | 3 | 2 | |
| Cholera..... | 7 | 9 | |

### MORTALITY OF THE WEEK.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending to-day was 1,114 as against 1,141 during the previous week. Out of the total number 117 deaths were due to plague, 72 to cholera and 12 to small-pox, the figures for the preceding week being 131, 51 and 13 respectively. The total mortality of the corresponding week of the last year was 609 while that of deaths recorded from plague was 54.

### CAMP REPORTS.

Weekly return of Camps public and private from 6 a.m., Saturday, 26th May 1900, to 6 a.m., Saturday, 2nd June :—

ALL CAMPS.

| Disease. | Last remained. | Admitted. | Transferred. | Discharged. | Died. | Remaining. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Plague..... | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Relapsing Fever .... | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Observation ..... | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Contacts..... | 1,234 | 638 | .. 5 | 892 | .. 3 | 987 |
| Evicts..... | 1,220 | 170 | .. | 588 | .. | 802 |
| Small-pox ..... | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | | | | | Contacts... | 30 |
| | | | | | Evicts.... | 119 |

## QUETTA NEWS.

MR. O. HUGHES, a relation of Mr. Buller Hughes, now at the Foreign Office, having returned from Paris, where he had to proceed because of being bitten by a rabid dog, has assumed charge of his appointment as Assistant Superintendent of Police, Nushki, relieving Khan Bahadur Maula Baksh, gone as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Punjab.

A very strong rumour is prevalent here that Brigadier-General Sir Reginald Hart will go to China in command of the Indian contingent likely to be sent.

The Agent to the Governor-General and Mrs. Barnes, with Camp office, move up to Ziarat Sanitarium on the 18th. This year the tongas run all the way from Kutch the nearest railway station, at moderate rates, and the District authorities have set up a aerated water machine at Ziarat in charge of the hospital assistant. Every other convenience exists, but as the only houses are the offices and official residences, excepting the large dak bungalow, camping out has to be resorted to.

The Agent to the Governor-General has gone to Dasht on Monday, to meet Captain Knox, Political Agent, Kelat, for the settlement of a Kelat tribal dispute of long standing. Both will return to-morrow, when it will be taken into consideration if the trial of the railway murder case, known as the Sibi Mystery, cannot be held here instead of at the Mooch station of the N.-W. Railway.

## THE FAR EAST.

### THE BOXERS AND THE MISSIONARIES.

### THE POSITION IN THE PHILIPPINES.

### THE SITUATION IN CHINA.

HONGKONG MAY, 26.

It is said to be always the unexpected that happens in China. But at the present juncture it would be very hard to say what is the expected. In Shanghai people are discounting the probability of quasi immediate war between China and Japan, at Amoy merchants are laying out their business plans with the idea that the Rising Sun of Japan will be their oriflamme before summer is well upon us. Chinese by the hundreds are being naturalised as Japanese citizens so as to get the benefit of Japanese protection beforehand, whilst Japanese surveyors are laying out the new Japanese settlement alongside of the once predominant Dutch settlement, the once predominant Spanish settlement, opposite to the British be-villaed Islandof Kulangsu. At Foochow French Ministers and Admirals come and go, the aged Viceroy of over 80 has barely time to return the visit of one French dignitary before another is upon him. A French man-of-war has taken up her moorings at Pagoda Anchorage on the pretext of wanting *four* months repairs, and it is evident that France does not intend French officials to be dismissed from their lucrative posts at the arsenal there, and slightly suspicious that she means to gain yet more. Yet at Foochow also the Japanese merchant and surveyor is to the fore. The Province of Fukien has attractions for Japan beyond its wealth. Do not the servants at Amoy say "Ho" when called for, just as they do in Japan? Is not "Go" Japanese for five as well as Amoy dialect.

Meanwhile the warships of the nations are gathering in the North, even America is mustering in preparation—for what? Telegrams are heavily paid for to obtain the last news, or no news of the war in South Africa, but Europeans generally seem indifferent to news about China, yet the lives and fortunes of those here may all be depending upon the facts of which so far but indications have been given.

Sir Chih Chu Lo Feng Lois being recalled to China, having perhaps spoken too many words in England to please his own Government,—for China is not like England in liking to be ruled by him who says most words. He has generally spoken on behalf of his Imperial Master. And England has accepted the conventional phrase, just as all the Great Powers have acquiesced for the last two years in paying their respects as to an Emperor to a young man whom they know to be in danger of his life, held as a prisoner, and witless power over the Empire of China than even the accredited Minister of a Foreign power. We could hardly say less. At the same time the wives of the Representatives of the great Powers have paid their respects as to an Empress to the lady of low origin and doubtful antecedents, who is perfectly wellknown to be the implacable enemy of the nominal Emperor of China and is popularly believed to be his would-be murderer Given ladies of good European reputation hobnobbing with the mistress of a nominal Eunuch, commonly known as a murderss and usurper, and men sent abroad to represent their countries, we will suppose by reason of their good judgment and discernment, pretending to believe that a much wronged and helpless young man is the absolute and irresponsible ruler over 400 millions of subjects, and what would anyone expect to come out of the situation? It recalls some of those comic recipes : "Break two young hearts, flavour with a churchyard cough, etc., and you make an Elegy." Out of the comedy at Peking it is easy to foresee that a tragedy must be the outcome; but of what sort it will be far harder to say. It is clear, however, that in such a tangled situation the wiliest diplomat with the largest command of secret service money must start with an advantage.

The war in South Africa is a glaring, blood-stained example of the misfortunes incidental to being uninformed and unprepared. Is there no way of getting people in China, European peopls in China, in especial English people in China, informed as to what is passing in this great Empire which so many of our fortunes are inextricably bound up? If English people in Shanghai know what is now passing in the Canton province, in the Fukien province, in the Hupeh province, not to speak of those of Shantung and Chihli, they could easily find a way of transmitting this information to the British Minister at Peking by means of the home press, Newspapers are quite as carefully read as despatches at the Foreign Office and to real news the columns of the home papers are always open. But what accurate information has Shanghai itself? We know the British Admiral lately arrived from Pagoda Anchorage, where he stayed about 36 hours. We know the French Admiral was there before him. We hear about preparations for war in the autumn "if necessary." France is wisely taking precautions beforehand. We know what a convenience an Arsenal officered by Frenchmen in the Far East would then be to her, and we know also what a heavy drain it must be upon the resources of the somewhat impoverished province of Fukien. Is it for our interest somewhat to help France in the matter, or somewhat to help China, or to throw our weight into the Japanese side of the balance? Or, as some say, has England no longer any weight to throw on either side in the Far East—without once again fighting for it. Is our influence capable of being felt—now as it is—or is what our fathers fought to acquire already lost to us by our own want of care? In either case being informed beforehand is next best to being prepared beforehand. Falsest of all false proverbs is that quaint saying : "He bids danger advance who buckles against it."

BOXER LEADERS UNPUNISHED.

There has been lamentable laxness in dealing with the leaders of last year's Boxer outrages. Yu Hsien executed three, not, however, on the score that they were members of a proscribed sect, but on the ground that they had been guilty of robbery; moreover, he only did so as the results of strong pressure on the Tsungli Yamen by the Foreign Ministers interested. Not including the two men who were made to suffer the death penalty on account of participation in the murder of Mr. Brooks, Yuan Shihkai has executed but three, one of these as a Boxer leader, the other two for breaking into a pawnshop. These latter two were also Boxers but it seemed a good chance to get rid of bad characters without antagonizing the Boxing fraternity directly. So evidently thought the Provincial Judge, who has appeared most fearfully and wonderfully sensitive as to wounding the feelings or bodies of that honoured band. The spring of his sensitiveness was of course Peking.

YUAN'S REAL ATTITUDE.

There seems to be preponderant evidence that if Yuan had a free hand he would deal far more sternly with the bothersome fellows than his associates in the Provincial Government, with a sharp eye to every wind that blows from Peking, seem inclined to do. At any rate it is very clear that whatever may be his attitude toward past offences he does not propose to tolerate, any further uprisings. Six weeks ago in Wu Tai mountains on the borders of Chihli and Shantung he ordered his troops to fight with a gang of boxers which they did leaving a score of victims on the field. He has dealt with equal sternness in quelling

ANOTHER UPRISING

which has just occurred midway between here and Techow, the well known port on the Grand Canal. On April 14th a convent under the care of the American Presbyterian Mission here, after an all night journey, brought word that the previous afternoon, hearing the Boxers had collected, he had gone personally to investigate. He found them in possession of an inn, all ingress to which they had barred. Peeping through the cracks of the great gate of the inn yard he saw within their yellow flag with a red border, their long poles pointed with iron, and the wooden frame upon which they carry their gods when they go forth on their marauding expeditions. There were about a hundred men and several horses. As the place of rendezvous was only 20 li from the converts home he was pretty well frightened. He and half a dozen fellow-Christians had been robbed of nearly all they had by the same fellows last year, and if they came again he could not see but that they came to burn their houses and either seize and hold them for ransom, or kill them off-hand.

The Governor was at once informed and promptly ordered the few soldiers in the region under his direct control to exercise great watchfulness. Meanwhile the Boxers had begun their depredations, not however in the direction anticipated. They sought fresh fields just on the north-east border of the region swept by them last year. They first looted the place of a well-to-do Christian in north east Yu cheng, about 20 miles from the Hsien city. The man whose home they attacked was working in his fields. It was shortly after mid-day. He had no intimation whatever of the impending trouble. His attention being drawn by some children who said the soldiers had come (they meant the Boxers) he looked up and saw the band prostrating themselves before the village temple preparatory to the raid. His wife and children being warned by their neighbours had escaped just in the nick of time from their home. Nothing pleases the Boxers better than to get hold of some one that has had some connection with foreigners and hold them for a ransom. The raiders numbered 83. They had just before the raid stopped at an inn in a neighbouring market village and each one of them had taken a bowl of noodles and the innkeeper had thus counted heads They set to work with a good will and in a short time had appropriated or destroyed everything about the Christian's place, even to doors and windows. The neighbours as a protective measure interceded with them not to burn the house for which a ransom was taken instead. The following day they cleaned out another Christian family, and filled up odd time by selling their booty to the highest bidder.

THE BATTLE.

On the Tuesday following the Saturday on which the Governor had been informed of the trouble the military caught up with the band 5 miles from the scence of their thieving operations. The mainstay of the force was seventeen of Yuan's regular cavalry who meant business from the word go. The Yu Cheng official had forty of his Yamen braves and an equal number of worthless Yamen runners. The Yamen braves were the first on the field, so they said. At any rate they fired into the air three times with intent to scare the Boxers but the Boxers failing to get scared, the Magistrate began to get alarmed. He clambered from his cart, pulled off his long robe, and was assisted to mount a horse, on which he quickly made his way to the front and told his men that they must fight in earnest or there would be serious trouble. They replied, "You rember Yuan Shih Tun who was degraded by Yu Hsien for fighting the Boxers." "No matter about that," the Magistrate replied, "I'll take any blame, and if there be glory, it may all be yours." So they fought in their weak way. They were shortly reinforced by Yuan's regular, above mentioned, and after a skirmish of a couple of hours 21 Boxers were left dead on the field. Not a single leader was captured or killed. They rode horses and when things got too warm they skipped.

If those twenty men killed had been the leaders of the organization in West Shantung the whole miserable business would be at an end. As it is it will, if it die at all, die a very lingering death. The Governor has

COMMENDED THE MAGISTRATE FOR HIS CONDUCT

and rewarded two of the soldiers who were wounded. He has also issued warrants for the arrest of the four leaders implicated. One boxer was captured alive.

OUTRAGE ON A BRITISH MERCHANT.

A certain Mr. V. Dodd having imported from Hongkong to Canton ten cases of tinfoil and sent them under transit pass to Chan Chuin, Fung Sui Lan and others probably belonging to the tinfoil guild, forcibly robbed and carried away the cargo, and set fire to the godown. Thereupon the British Consul in a despatch brought this case to the notice of H.E. the Viceroy. H.E ordered an enquiry. Upon a petition of Kun in shop of the guild of tinfoil merchants to the Lekin Bureau the authority thereof asked : "Although this tinfoil was sent under transit pass, why did the merchant break the rule by evading the payment of Lekin taxes? Why did he make a clandestine sale, and caused the wrongful party to be arrested. The Magistrate of the Son Tak district was directed to report further thereof.

MISSIONARY LADY PELTED.

An American missionary lady who went on travel to Sai Chiu was insulted and pelted by the mob in the village of Kunshan. So also in Canton, when a foreigner goes in the city, he is invariably greeted with the term "Foreign devil." Once when an American gentleman and a lady went into the city to see the temple of the 500 genii they were similarly treated and insulted, and it was brought to the notice of the late Viceroy who Tan, replied that it was always the case, and he could not have any control over a mob.

## THE SARAWAK TROUBLE.

Trustworthy native reports state that Rajah Brooke's expedition to the Trusan country has met with a reverse and that the advance has been suspended pending the arrival of reinforcements. It is said that complications with the Dutch authorities are not improbable. Both Rajah Brooke and the British Consul are still at Brooketon, on the island of Muara.

## THE POSITION IN THE PHILIPPINES.

### RESIGNATION OF OFFICERS.

A Manila correspondent says :—Over three hundred Volunteer Officers have handed in their resignations to escape the rainy season in the Philippines, but all the resignations were refused. If all who wanted were permitted to resign, there would not be fifteen officers left to a regiment. Some general officers favour the permission being given to political appointees to go for a holiday, and appointing of men of merit from the ranks to take their places.

There is not a Brigadier who does not want reinforcements. One bright spot in the situation, however, is the Army's delight at General McArthur's accession to the direction of affairs and the reforms in Army administration. Major-General Otis left affairs in a state of muddle to embarass his successor, and left a list of the dead which he should have included in his last report. Major-General Otis did nothing towards scotching a native rising in Manila which has long been planning by native leaders for the arrival of the new Commission. It is intended simultaneously to set fire to all public buildings and attack soldiers in all parts of the city. By prompt measures and the reinforcing of the garrison the trouble will probably be averted.

Some prominent Americans tried to organise a little demonstration of friendly natives to welcome the Commission, but could not get a dozen natives to co-operate so they had to give up the project. The tremendous heat of the last two weeks has made action in the field almost impossible and greatly increased the sick list.

## RELIJIOUS DISCUSSION AT LAHORE.

### REMARKABLE SCENES

THE Bishop of Lahore's second lecture to Mahomedans was delivered in the courtyard of the Rang Mahal (American Presbyterian Mission School) at 8 p. m. Three-fourths of the area of the courtyard was packed with a closely wedged mass of humanity, and it was with the greatest difficulty that the Bishop and his companions reached the table and chairs provided for them. Some 1,200 persons must have been present in the lower area and in the galleries on two sides of it.

At the time of the Bishop's arrival a dust-storm was blowing, making the air dim, and extinguishing most of the lamps. The situation looked unpromising, but the alfresco auditorium really prevented the air from becoming intolerably stifling; and the very mixed audience responded in a remarkable way to the Bishop's appeal for a quiet hearing. For some 50 minutes the lecturer steadily set forth his subject, "Zinda Rasul," i. e., the living apostle, unfolding the evidence from Scripture and History for the Resurrection of Christ, adverting to the fact that among all the divine messengers (Rasul) acknowledged by Islam, Jesus only is designated as the Living Messenger, and drawing therefrom the conclusions as to His claim to be the true Mediator.

Then followed a strange scene. Now, said the Bishop, till ten o'clock you may ask questions, and I will do my best to answer them. Straightway arose two champions of Islam. Each shouted against the other to claim a hearing; but the buzz and roar of their followers effectually drowned both the other side and their own. For a moment the shrill voice renegades; you of an old maulvi pierced the din : "Woe be to you listed in quietness to the impugner of your faith, who spoke of Isa as the Son of God; and now you will give no hearing to the defendants of Islam!" In vain: the hubbub became greater till after ten minutes of Babel.

A STRONG APPEAL

from the Bishop brought the people to comparative silence. Instantly one champion, who had provided himself with a latern fixed against the wall, started off. He was a follower of Mirza Gulam Ahmad of Qadian, a heretic whose lapses are partly condoned by his virulent invectives against Christianity. With a pen dipped in gall the master had written an anticipatory reply to the Bishop's lecture, and this the disciple ratted off as rapidly as the knew how with occasional interruptions. Presently an orthodox Sunni blew out his lamp, and, till the Bishop sent him another, he was silenced. When he had done, it was not necessary for the lecturer to say much. The maulvi had remarked that science taught that human life could not be sustained at a height of more then 6 miles above the sur

## MILITARY AND NAVAL NOTES.

It is strange, remarks the *Broad Arrow*, that during the present war so few commissions should have been given to men from the ranks. The liberal conferring of some of the many commissions which have become vacant on "rankers" would be only a fitting acknowledgement of the splendid gallantry displayed by our soldiers, and would act as a stimulus to the spirit of patriotism which has been so rife during the last seven months. That there are men of the humbler classes who would make splendid officers must be acknowledged although the fact has been generally officially ignored. There are also on an average in each battalion some ten or twelve young gentlemen who, too poor to compete for Sandhurst or having been unlucky in the competitive examination to the extent of a few marks, have preferred to enlist rather than to abandon all idea of the military profession. These young men are full of zeal, are quite educated enough, and possess much practical knowledge—worth any number of marks—yet commissions have been sparsely and grudgingly given to them. There is no excuse for this policy, for commissions have been really going a-begging of late. A more generous system would be a great inducement to young men of a superior class to enlist, and we profess to be anxious to bring about such a result. The nation now honours whereas formerly it despised the soldier. Let the authorities recognise this fact, and show that they are anxious to give practical utterance to the feeling of the public.

Lieut-General the Hon. Sir Andrew Clarke, who is now in his seventy-sixth year, has had a busy career. In 1846 he went out to the Antipodes as aide-de-camp to Sir William Denison, Governor of Tasmania. He saw active service in the New Zealand war of 1845, and three years later became a member of the Legislative Council, and was appointed Surveyor-General of Victoria in 1852. At the present time he is the solitary survivor of the framers of the Australian Constitution of 1855. After a brief but active political career he obtained the appointment of Royal Engineer for the Eastern and Midland Districts, which he held until 1863, when he proceeded on special service to the West Coast of Africa in connection with the Ashantee war. In 1864 Sir Andrew was made Director of Works of the Navy, and for eleven years he supervised a vast activity in dockyard construction. He took an important share in planning the scheme of national defence, and during his term of office he largely reorganised the corps of Royal Engineers, adding to it the railway and bridging battalions and the balloon section, all of which have proved their value in the operations in South Africa.

Although probably due to an oversight, remarks the "Army and Navy Gazette," it will scarcely fail to appear ungracious to the officers and men of the Doris, Forte, Terrible, and other ships which have sent brigades to the front, that so little notice should have been taken of their share in the operations in the many speeches which have been made in connection with the reception of the 'Powerfuls.' Still more strange is it that we should find Captain Percy Scott's name omitted on these occasions, since if it had not been for the designer of the gun carriages the Naval Brigades would have been robbed of the greater part of their value. In this connection no blame can be attached either to the naval authorities themselves, or to the officers of the "Powerful." Both Mr. Goschen and Captain Lambton have struck the right key in their public deliverances, the latter especially laying stress upon the point that he recognised himself and those serving under him as representatives of the navy in general, and the brigades landed in South Africa in particular. But the public has a short memory, and it is necessary that it should be kept in recollection of the facts.

The whole question of the conduct of a fleet is so essentially a matter which concerns naval officers alone, that it is only on rare occasions that any judgement is presumed to be passed in these columns on such a subject. Still, occasions do arise from time to time when public notice should be taken of affairs which, though essentially professional, nevertheless affect the real interests of the Empire itself. Such an occasion has I regret to say, now again arisen, and it is best that no further delay should be permitted in giving public expression to what is undoubtedly the opinion of a very large number of the best officers in the service. I refer to the present condition of affairs in the Mediterranean Fleet.

Ever since Vice-Admiral Sir John Fisher assumed the important post of Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean Fleet, the tactical efficiency of that fleet in the opinion of those best qualified to pass judgment in such a matter, has seriously deteriorated. The causes for this change are easily indicated. There has been a constant and most regrettable disinclination on the part of the Commander-in-Chief to exercise the fleet at tactical evolutions, under his own personal direction. In fact, such an event, instead of being what it ought to be the commonest incident in the periodical routine of the Mediterranean Fleet, has become under the present Commander-in-Chief one of the rarest. There is no need to emphasise the dangers and evils of such a course. The deterioration in the tactical efficiency of the fleet has become notorious, and that fact is causing feelings of most serious anxiety among the executive officers. Even when tactics do take place they are carried out at a speed considerably below that which would be used in war time; and as I have already indicated, it is the rarest event for the Admiral to carry out these evolutions under his own personal direction.

Sir Jhon Fisher has the reputation of being a clever officer, and it is known that his plans and dispositions for the fleet in war time have been thought out most carefully. But something more is expected, and, indeed, demanded, from the Commander-in-chief of a great fleet. Both he and the captains and officers of watches of the ships constituting his squadron must be fitted by constant practice in peace time to manœuvre the fleet at any speed and in any formation in war. Yet, under the present mischievous regime, the executive officers of the Mediterranan Squadron have, to their intense regret, no fair opportunity afforded them of making themselves properly efficient in this respect, or of exercising in company with their Admiral. It is high time that the Admiralty 'demanded a drastic change.' The present state of affairs in the Mediterranean is a real menace to the safety of our Empire.

I sincerely hope there is no truth in the report of the enforced resignation of Sir William White on account of impaired health. At the same time, he has been absent from his post at the Admiralty for more than two months, and had a lengthened holiday some time ago. If the rumour is correct, the Admiralty will sustain a heavy loss for Sir William has done yeoman's service since he accepted the position of Chief Constructor of the Navy, in 1885. But however, if fate compels his resignation, it is gratifying to know that he will have an able successor. Mr. Philip Watts, who relieved Sir William White as manager at the Elswick shipbuilding yard, will, it is said, again replace his old chief at Whitehall.

Curiously enough, as a result of the war, great difficulty is now, and has been for some time, experienced in the naval recruiting districts in obtaining a sufficient number of strong and healthy lads, who came up, so for as height and chest measurement are concerned, to the very high standard established by the Admiralty. At the beginning of last year it was necessary to put a check on the entry of boys, so numerous were the applications, but at the end of March there were about 600 boys short of the number provided for in the Navy Estimates for the year. Therefore the proposition to reduce the standard of height somewhat is being seriously entertained. The explanation of the present dearth of candidates is that a large number of men have been called out to the Militia and Reserves, and that their places are being filled by lad.

It is a singular thing that at Portsmouth, where we all remember not long ago there was a serious and expensive fire in a coal-stack, when coal to the amount of between forty and fifty thousand tons was for some time in extreme jeopardy, the dockyard autnorities would appear to have learned no lesson. Then the officials are reported to have said, with a wrondrous unanimity, that the fire was the effect of spontaneous combustion, caused by the faulty construction of the foundations of the coal-store, which allowed water to accumulate in dangerous quantities. This, it was stated at the time, would be remedied and no spontaneous combustion need be feared in future. But either the Admiralty have wilfully broken their promise, or which is unlikely, it has slipped their memory. For, will it be believed, there are now another forty or fifty thousand tons stowed on precisely the same spot, under precisely the same conditions as before. In all matters relating to coaling the Admiralty seem to be behind the times. Thus, they are spending some £7,000 on the conversion of the old hulk "Ruby" into a coal ship. It would have been much better if they had, for once in a way, allowed a few more thousands to be spent, and have build an ideal coaling hulk, after the designs of a few commanders and chief engineers,

I hear that the large seagoing torpedo-boat, the "Som," which has been built by Laird Brothers, of Birkenhead, is expected to arrive at Cronstadt during the coming summer. The boat is 213 feet in length, its displacement is 350 tons, and its cost will be £52,000. By the way, since the strike on the part of the workmen at Philadelphia has come to an end the construction and fitting out of the Russian warships ordered by the Government in the Cramp and Company's shipbuilding yard have of late proceeded most successfully. It is probable that the armoured cruiser "Varyag" will be fully ready for delivery next September, and the ironclad "Retvisan" will be completed in the autumn of next year. According to the "Messager" of Cronstadt, the Norwegian Salvage Company "Neptune" has suffered a loss of £19,374 in its fruitless attempts to salvage the wrecked Russian cruiser, "Hango-Udd or "Gangut."


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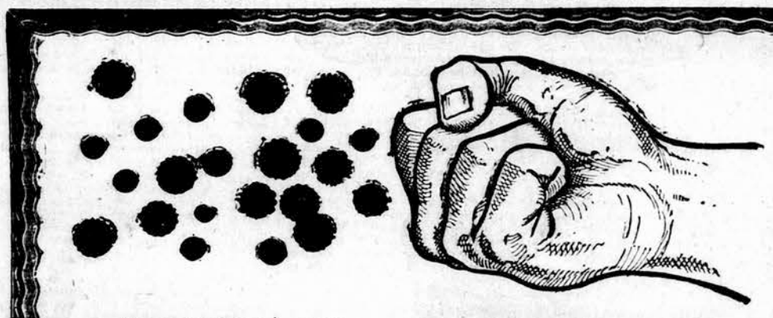

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This caution is necessary, as many persons deceive purchasers by false representations.

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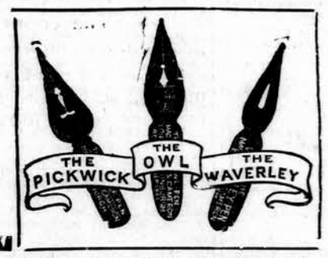


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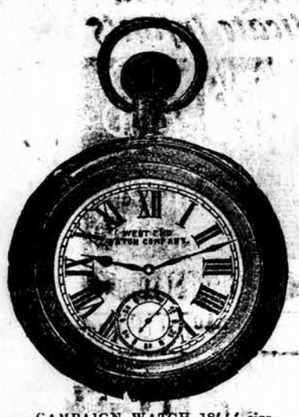

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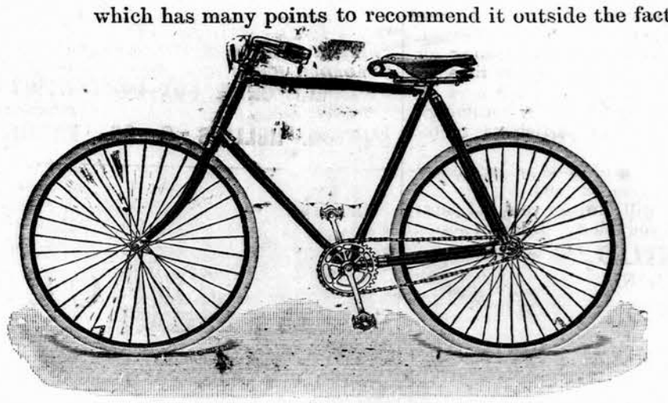

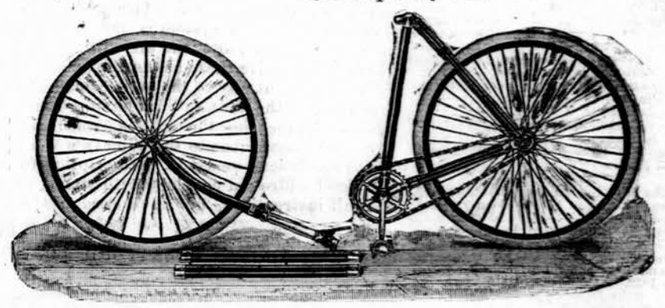

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